BEAVER ARGUS

Wednesday, Oct. 14, 1863.

D. L. IMBRIE, Editor & Proprietor.

TERMS—One Dollar and Fifty Cents per annum, IN ADVANCE; otherwise Two Dollars will be charged. No paper discontinued until all arrearages are settled.

Letters and communications, by mail shall have prompt attention.

Time Table.

CLEVELAND & PITTSBURGH, R. R.

Beaver Station—Going East.

Commencing Monday, Apr. 20, 1863.—Trains leave Beaver Station as follows:

7.25 A. M.	Arrive at Pittsburgh,	9:10 A. M.
1.55 P. M.	"	3:20 P. M.
6.50 P. M.	"	8:05 P. M.

Going West—

Trains leave Pittsburgh as follows:

8.00 A. M.	Arrive at Beaver,	9:10 A. M.
12.50 P. M.	Rochester,	2:00 P. M.
3.50 P. M.	"	5:25 P. M.

J. N. McCULLOUGH, *Pres't.*

F. R. MYERS, *Gen'l Ticket Agent.*

PITTSBURG, FT. WAYNE & CHICAGO R. R.

Rochester Station—Going East.

	Leaves Rochester—	Arr. at Pitts.
1st Express,	2:10 A. M.	7:00 A. M.
2d Express,	6:45 P. M.	8:25 A. M.
3d Express,	2:05 P. M.	5:00 P. M.
Mail,	5:25 P. M.	7:05 P. M.
1st Express,	1:20 A. M.	2:25 A. M.
2d Express,	3:00 A. M.	3:05 P. M.
Cincin'ti Exp.	6:45 P. M.	8:00 P. M.

Going West—

	Leaves Pitts—	Arr. at Rochester.
Cincinnati Accom.	9:00 A. M.	1:26 A. M.
1st Brighton Accom.	12:50 P. M.	1:32 A. M.
2d Brighton "	4:35 P. M.	6:14 P. M.
3d " "	6:00 P. M.	8:00 P. M.
Mail,	7:00 A. M.	8:20 A. M.
1st Express,	1:00 A. M.	2:10 A. M.
2d Express,	12:30 P. M.	1:50 P. M.

ATT'D. BRADLEY, Supt., E. D.

Quarterly Statement of Bank of Beaver County

New Brighton, Aug. 5, 1863.

Bills discounted, acc'd	$37,409 02
Bonds and mortgages	100 00
7 per cent. certificates	82,300 00
7 per cent. Treas. notes	4,850 00
Due from other banks	287 75
Notes and checks of other banks and U. S. Treasury notes	51,212 16
Specie in vault	5,810 83
Furniture and office fixtures	1,558 95
Current expenses	460 38
Protest account	141
	$234,420 50

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	$ 94,417 00
Notes in circulation	115,762 00
Due depositors	101,773 69
Due the Commonwealth	2,752 42
Profits and earnings	1,902 81
Dividends unpaid	1,114 75
Bills payable	5,000 00
	$ 234,420 50

I, ——, cashier, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true and correct according to the best of my knowledge and belief.

EDWARD HOOPES, Cash't.

Sworn and subscribed before me, this 5th day of August, A. D. 1863.

J. R. MARTIN, J. P.

Wanted,

A [illegible] Glass Works—Boxes and [illegible]. Parties buying them in large or small quantities for sale will please leave word at the Glass Works—and a good price will be given either delivered at the works or taken from there by the company.

PARSONS, TAYLOR & Co.

Wanted—Orders for the delivery of Coal at Bridgewater Ferry, for [illegible] commencing 6th July, or as soon thereafter as contract can be effected for 50 to 100 bushels of good coal per day. Cash paid when [illegible].

PARSONS, TAYLOR & Co.

For Commissioners' Sale of August 18[illegible]

[illegible] Miller, Phil. & C. W. Ricketson, Pittsb'g

NEW FIRM.

WOODRUFF & IRONS.

The undersigned have entered into partnership to carry on the [illegible] business at Bridgewater, Beaver county, Pa., [illegible] with promptness and [illegible] of workmen will be employed. [illegible] taken in exchange for [illegible]. Respective [illegible] a call before purchasing elsewhere.

WOODRUFF & IRONS.

July 1, 1863.—3m. Bridgewater, Pa.

FALLSTON WOOLEN FACTORY.

The undersigned expects to commence, in this week, Carding, Spinning, Fulling, Finishing and Dyeing; also to manufacture Flannel, Cloth, Cassimeres, Satinetts and Blankets, at my old place, in Fallston. For wear and durability, I can warrant the goods manufactured not to be surpassed. For the accommodation of those on the east side of the Beaver, Wool, etc., can be left at my house in Fallston township, or John Hodgkinson's store in New Brighton.

EPHM. SMITH.

$30. Employment. $100

COMMERCIAL AGENTS WANTED TO SELL GOODS FOR THE

ADAMS

(A NEW ENGLAND)

Manufacturing Company.

WILL GIVE A COMMISSION OF one hundred per cent. on all goods sold by our Agents, or we will pay wages of from $30 to $100 per month and pay all necessary expenses. For particulars address with stamp,

CHAS. RUGGLES, Gen. Ag't,

For the Adams Manufacturing Co., Detroit, Mich.

July —, 1863.

MILLER & RICKETSON,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

AND IMPORTERS OF

Brandies, Wines and Segars,

No. 223, *Cor. of Liberty & Irwin sts.*

PITTSBURG, PA.

Iron, Nails, Salt, Corn, &c., &c., constantly on hand. [aug5

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

WHEREAS letters of administration on the estate of Thomas N. Thornsburg, late of Independence tp., Beaver county, deceased, having been duly granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement without delay.

JAMES STERLING, Adm'r.

aug19'63.

BEAVER ARGUS.

Vol. 39-No. 40. Beaver, Wednesday, October 14, 1863. Established 1818

NEW-YORK TRIBUNE. 1863.

The New-York Tribune, first issued in 1841, in its twenty-second years, has obtained both a larger and a more widely diffused circulation than any other newspaper ever published in America. Though it has suffered, in common with other journals, from the volunteering and departure of tens of thousands of its patrons to serve in the War for the Union, its circulation on this 6th of December, 1862, is as follows:

Daily	50,125
Semi-Weekly	17,250
Weekly	148,000
Aggregate	215,375

Pre-eminently a journal of News and of Literature, The Tribune has political convictions which are well characterized by the single word Republican. It is Republican in its hearty adhesion to the great truth that "God has made of one blood all nations of men"—Republican in its assertion of the equal and inalienable rights of all men to life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness"—Republican in its steadfast, earnest, defiant hostility to every scheme and effort of the Slave Power, from the Annexation of Texas to the great Rebellion, to grasp the empire of the New World and wield the resources of our country for its own aggrandizement—Republican in its antagonism to the despots of the Old World, who fondly hail in the perils and calamities suddenly thrust upon us by their American counterpart the overthrow and ruin of the Model Republic—Republican in its hope and trust, its faith and effort, that this atrocious Rebellion must result in the signal overthrow of its plotters, and the final establishment of equal rights and equal laws throughout the whole extent of our country, wherein Liberty and Union shall indeed be "one and inseparable" henceforth and forever.

The Tribune devotes attention in calmer times, and to some extent in these, to Education, Temperance, Agriculture, Inventions, and whatever else may minister to the spiritual and material progress and well-being of mankind; but for the present its energies and its columns are mainly devoted to the invigoration and success of the War for the Union. Its special correspondents accompany every considerable army and report every important incident of that great struggle, which we trust to result in a signal and conclusive triumph of the National arms and in the restoration of Peace and Thrift to our distracted, bleeding country. We believe that not otherwise can a fuller or more accurate view of the progress and character of this momentous conflict be obtained than through the regular columns of our columns. And we earnestly solicit the co-operation of all friends of the National cause, which we regard and uphold as that of Universal Humanity, to aid us in extending its circulation.

TERMS.

The enormous increase in the price of printing paper and other materials used in printing newspapers, compels us to increase the price of The Tribune. Our new terms are:

DAILY TRIBUNE.

Single Copy	3 cents.
Mail Subscribers, one year (311 issues)	$8.

SEMI-WEEKLY TRIBUNE.

One Copy, one year (104 issues)	$3
Two Copies, one year	$5.
Five Copies, one year	$12.
Ten Copies, one year	$22 50.

An extra copy will be sent to clubs of twenty and over.

WEEKLY TRIBUNE.

One Copy, one year (52 issues)	$2
Three Copies, one year	$5
Five Copies, one year	$8
Ten Copies, one year	$15

Any larger number, *addressed to names of subscribers*, $1 50 each. An extra copy will be sent to every club of ten.

Twenty Copies, *to one address*, one year, $25, and any larger number at same price. An extra copy will be sent to clubs of twenty. To clubs of thirty THE SEMI-WEEKLY TRIBUNE will be sent. To clubs of fifty THE DAILY TRIBUNE will be sent gratis

Address THE TRIBUNE, Tribune Buildings, New-York.

When drafts can be procured it is much safer than to remit Bank Bills. The name of the Post Office and State should in all cases be plainly written.

Subscribers who send money by Express, must prepay the Express charges, else it will be deducted from the remittance.

The Tribune Almanac for 1863 will be ready about Christmas.

"Union Hotel,"

BEAVER, PENN'A.

ALEX. CLARK, Proprietor

In addition to the conveniences of a first class Hotel, the Proprietor has fitted up in his house, in a complete and satisfactory manner, an

OYSTER SALOON,

where the best quality of Oysters may be obtained during their season, in any desired style. Families can be furnished with Oysters, by the can or dozen. The table is furnished with all the luxuries the PITTSBURG MARKET can afford.

Thankful for the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed a continuance of the same is respectfully solicited. dec17

PEN-KNIVES, Scissors, Gum Hair Pins, Purses, Port Monaies, Needles, Tweezers, Pencil-sharpeners, Spool Cotton, Thread, Pins, &c., for sale at the Drug Store of

oct2. DR. C. P. CUMMINS.

[Written for the Argus.]

DOES THE BIBLE SANCTION SUCH A PRINCIPLE?

XIII.

Were the servants in a voluntary condition, or were they made so against their will? We argue that it was a voluntary condition, 1. Because to become a servant in the family an Israelite, was to abjure idolatry, to enter into covenant with God to be circumcised in token of it, to be bound to the observance of the Sabbath, of the Passover, the Pentecost and the feast of Tabernacles, and to consent to instruction in all the particulars of the moral and ceremonial law. Were the servants pushed thro' all these processes by main strength? Was the renunciation of idolatry compulsory? Were they dragged into covenant with God? Were they seized and circumcised by force? Were they compelled, mechanically, to chew and swallow the flesh of the paschal lamb, while they abhoared the institution, despised its ceremonies, scorned and spurned the law which enjoined it, detested its author and executors, and instead of rejoicing in the deliverance which it commemorated, bewailed it as a calamity, and cursed the hour of its consummation.—Were they *driven* from all parts of the land three times a year up to the annual festivals? Were they to be dragged with instruction which they nauseated? Were they goaded thro' a round of ceremonies which they looked upon as senseless and disgusting mummeries, and drilled to perfection in a creed, to them a bill of abominations? We repeat it, to become a servant, was to become a proselyte. And how did God authorize his people to make proselytes? At the point of the javelin? By the terror of pains and penalties; by converting men into merchandise.

Were proselyte and *chattel* synonyms in the Divine vocabulary? Must a man be made into a thing before he could be taken into covenant with God? Was reduction to a commodity the stipulated condition of adoption and a passport to the communion of saints.

2. We argue the voluntariness of servants from their peculiar opportunities and facilities for escape. Three times a year, all males, above twelve years of age, were required to assemble from all parts of the land and celebrate the public festivals.—The main body were those absent from their homes not less than three weeks each time, making in all nine weeks annually. As these caravans moved over the country, going and returning, were there military scouts along the whole way to intercept deserters? Was each pass of the mountains manned by a corporal's guard—the hill-tops lined with sentinels, and the defiles scoured by troops of light horse? How could the Israelites contrive to take their servants three times a year to Jerusalem and back? When a body of slaves is moved any distance in our free and equal Republics, they are hand-cuffed to keep them from running away or beating their masters' brains out. Was this the Mosaic plan, or an improvement introduced by Samuel? or was it left for the wisdom of Solomon? For the usage, doubtless, claims a paternity not less venerable and biblical. Perhaps they lashed their servants upon camels, and thus transported them in bundles, or caged them up, and trundled them on wheels to and fro and then, while in attendance on the solemn festivals, "lodged them in jail for safe keeping," appointing religious services *extra*, and special "oral instruction," for their benefit. But, meanwhile, what became of the sturdy *handmaids* left at home? What hindered them from marching off in a body, if they were held against their wills. Perhaps the Israelitish matrons volunteered to stand sentry in rotation round the kitchens, while the young ladies scoured the country as mounted rangers, to pick up stragglers by day, and formed bodies of city guards to patrol the streets and keep a sharp look-out at nights. 3. Their continuance in Jewish families dependrd upon the performance of various rites and ceremonies, necessarily voluntary. Suppose a servant from the heathen should, upon entering a Jewish family, refuse circumcision, who does not the question, whether he shall remain a servant, is entirely in his own hands. If he were a slave, how simple the process of emancipation. His refusal did the job. Or suppose that at any time he should refuse to attend the tri-yearly feasts, or should eat leavened bread during the passover, or compound the ingrediants of the annointing oil, he is "cut off from the people," not killed, but excommunicated" 4. We infer the voluntariness of the servants of the Patriarch, from the impossibility of their being held against their wills. The servants of Abraham are an illustration. At time he held three hundred young women and eighteen young men, who were born in his house, and probably very many more *not* born in his house. The whole number of his servants, of all ages, was probably many thousands. Abraham was certainly an extraordinary character, and Sarah, no doubt, a most notable house-keeper; but still it is not easy to conceive how they contrived to hold so many thousand servants against their wills (as was most likely to be the case) the patriarch and his wife took turns in performing the Hilarian exploit of surrounking them.

The neighboring tribes, instead of constituting a picket guard to him in his servants, would have been far more likely to deal with them, and him, as they did with Lot and his household, when they swept them into captivity. Besides, Abraham neither "constitution" nor compact, nor statutes nor judicial officers to seize and send back his fugitives, nor a trained police to pounce upon panic-stricken women and children, nor gentlemen kidnappers in the neighboring States, suing for his patronage, and volunteering to howl on the track of Human game, boasting their blood-hound scent, and pledging their "honor" to hunt down and "deliver up," provided they had a description of the flesh-mark, and were stimulated in their chivalry by pieces of silver. Abraham seems also to have been deficient in all auxiliaries of family government, such as stocks, hand-cuffs, foot chains, yokes, gags and thumb screws. This destitution of these patriarchal indispensibles is the more afflicting when we consider most faithful discharge of his responsibilities to his household, tho' so utterly unprovided the needful aids.

5. We infer that persons could be held as servants only of their own accord, from the fact that there is no instance either [illegible] of the Patriarch selling a servant. Abraham had thousands of servants. We have his history in great detail but he appears never to have sold one Isaac, "grew until he became very great" and had great Stores of servants. Jacob's youth was spent in Padanaram in family of Laban, where resided twenty-one years. He was himself a servant, and had a number of servants. No mention is made of his receiving any servants at the death of Isaac.

Many years afterwards Joseph invited Jacob to come and dwell near him in Egypt, thou and thy children, and thy children's children, and thy flocks, and thy herds, and all that thou hast. Jacob went with his flocks and herds, but no servants. Gen: 45, 10, 47, 6. What more natural than to suppose that his servants were voluntary served under their own contracts made from time to time, and when Jacob went into Egypt, they chose to stay in their own country. The government might sell thieves, if they had no property until their services had made good the injury and paid the legal fine. Exod: 22, 3. But masters seem to have had no power to sell their servants—the reason is obvious. To give to the master the right to sell his servant would annihilate the servants right of choice in his own disposal—but says the objector, so give the master a right to buy a servant—equally annihilates the servants right to buy a man, and different thing to buy that man of another man. Much more might be said on this point, but this must suffice. One article on the New Testament will close these articles.

A Compliment to President Lincoln.—The New York Commercial *Advertiser* says it is a fact well worth knowing, that, for the first time in many years, the Congress coming into life at the middle of a Presidential term, is, in its political aspect, friendly to the President. For a quarter of a century, if we are not mistaken, an opposition Speaker has been elected in every last Congress of a Presidential term. That the next Congress is not merely Union, but Republican, is a strong testimony to the popular estimate of the fidelity, honesty and patriotism of Abraham Lincoln and his advisers.

A Proclamation.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

The year that is drawing toward its close has been filled with the blessings of fruitful fields and healthful skies. To these bounties which are so constantly enjoyed that we are prone to forget the Source from which they come, others have been added which of so extraordinary a nature that they cannot fail to penetrate and soften even the heart which is habitually insensible to the ever-watchful Providence of Almighty God. In the midst of unequalled magnitude and severity, which has sometimes seemed to invite and provoke the aggressions of foreign States, peace has been preserved with all nations, order has been maintained, the laws have been respected and obeyed, and harmony has prevailed everywhere, except in the theatre of military conflict. While that theatre has been greatly contracted by the advancing armies and navies of the Union, the needful diversions of wealth and strength from the fields of peaceful industry to the national defence, have not arrested the plow, the shuttle, or the ship.—The axe has enlarged the borders of our settlements, and the mines as well of iron and coal as of the precious metals, have yielded even more abundantly than heretofore. The population has steadily increased, notwithstanding the waste that has been made in the camp, the siege, and the battle-field; and the country, rejoicing in the consciousness of augmented strength and vigor, is permitted to expect a continuance of years with a large increase of freedom.

No human counsel hath devised, nothwithstanding the moral hand has worked out, these great things. They are gracious things of the Most High God, who, while dealing with us in anger for our sins, hath nevertheless, remembered mercy. It has seemed to me fit and proper that they should be solemnly, reverently and gratefully acknowledged, as with one heart and voice, by the whole American people.

I do, therefore, invite my fellow citizens in all parts of the United States, and also those who are at sea, and those who are sojourners in foreign lands, to set apart and observe The Last Thursday of November next as a day of Thanksgiving and Prayer to our beneficent Father, who dwells in the heavens; and I recommend to them that, while offering up the ascriptions of praise justly due to him for such singular deliverances and blessings, they do also, with humble penitence for our national perverseness and disobedience, commend to his tender care all those who have become widows, orphans, or are otherwise suffering in lamentable [illegible] in which we are unavoidably [illegible] and that they fervently implore and [illegible] mighty hand to preserve [illegible] of the Almighty [illegible] of the nation, and restore it, as soon as may be consistent with the Divine purposes, to the full enjoyment of peace, harmony, tranquility and union.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand, and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed. Done at the city of Washington, this third day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty three, and of the Independence of the United States, the eighty-eighth.

A. Lincoln.

Wm. H. Seward, Secretary of State.

Rev. Samuel Wakefield, so-called, who was a member of the last Legislature from West moreland county, is one of the most infamous copperheads in the State. He lately, because has daughter, a Mrs. Hassler, refused to allow persons to sit at her table wearing buettrnut breastpins, sent her word that he did not wish to see her face until she had changed her politics—in other words until she had become an enemy to the Union. This man Wakefield made himself exceedingly obnoxious and offensive to decent men during the last Legislature. When the question of freedom was alluded to, or any reference was made to the horrors of slavery during which it became necessary to appeal to the justification of God for the course of loyal men, this impious hypocrite would answer that the Legislature of Pennselvania "was not convened to legislate for God." He voted on all questions against the war, against its brave defenders; and we have a sublime faith that his noble-hearted daughter, whom he notified not to show her face at his house, will find a home of glory in a world hereafter, in which her hypocritical traitor father will occupy a very dark hole in a very warm pit.

Washington's Toast.—Just after the close of the Revolutionary war, Gen. Washington, at a dinner where several of his officers were present, gave as a toast:

"*The American Soldier of Freedom:* May he at all times secure a good and plentiful ration; and when he has finished his tour of duty on earth, may he pitch his rent in the Elysian fields, and there receive his reward from the right hand of the God of Battles."

Gen. William Preston, one of the Confederate Generals wounded at the Chickamauga battle, was the former U. States Minister to Spain.

The Execution of Kellogg, at Richmond.

The Richmond Examiner of the 26th, says that on the day previous Spencer Kellogg, the recently condemned Yankee spy, was hung in that city.—After a very detailed account of his death, the Examiner says:

"At five minutes to one o'clock the drop fell, and the condemned man was launched into eternity. He struggled violently for about a second, the rope swaying to and fro like the pendulum of a clock. He was left hanging thirty minutes, when he was cut down and pronounced 'dead' by the attendant physician, his neck having been broken in the fall. The body was placed in a coffin and sent to the burial ground.

"Kellogg was a man of rather prepossessing appearance, stout, five feet eight or nine inches high, with sparkling bright blue eyes, sandy hair and beard, and a slight moustache. His skin, from long confinement, (some months) had become as fair as a female's. He wore, at the execution, a dark blue coat and brass buttons, light blue pants, a blue check shirt and black wool hat. He was apparently about thirty-five years of age."

"The wretch had previously confessed his guilt, the substance of which confession was that he had hired himself in the confederate engineer corps at Island No. 10, for the purpose of gaining information for the benefit of the Federal government, and though at last died with the conviction furnished more valuable information, in the character of a spy, to that government, than any other man in the United States service."

Commenting on this the New York Express says:

"We are assured that there is not one word of truth in the statement about confession, &c.

Mr Spencer Kellogg Brown, whose case is here mentioned, was the son of O. C. Brown of Jefferson county, New York. He enlisted in the army under Gen. Lyon in 1861, and remained in active service until he was taken prisoner off Port Hudson August 14, 1862. He had been in the service of the government under Admiral Foote, and was on board the gunboat Essex, Commodore Porter, when that vessel committed such a havoc upon the famous rebel ram, the Arkansas.—He was captured as a prisoner of war while destroying a rebel ferry boat near Port Hudson, Aug. 14th, and while under protection of a boat's crew of forty men, through whose cowardice, it is alleged, he was taken and made prisoner. There was an unnatural hatred felt toward all on board the Essex, and young Kellogg Brown was treated with such great indignity that Commodore Porter held five rebel officers as hostages for his good treatment and release. On the Wickliffe, of [illegible] should be treated as prisoner of war, these five men were set free, and have been exchanged, while a gallant officer is hung on the unfounded charge of being a spy. For over a year he has been kept as a close prisoner at Castle Thunder, in Richmond, and today his father, now in this city on business, hears through the Richmond paper that his son was executed on Friday last.

What adds to the outrage and calamity is the assurance of General Halleck, given as late as Monday last to the father of the murdered man that his son should be protected, as there was no ground for his execution, and it was therefore impossible. Notice was given that retaliation would follow, such an act of brutality; but the assurance came too late, as the officer was executed on Friday, three days before the interview. The government had been made aware of this peculiar case before, but that delay which at times becomes so criminal made the final appeal too late.

It is source of great consolation that this young man died prepared for his doom. In all his letters home of September and October of last year, and in letters received as late as July, 1863, he wrote to his family that he was ready and willing to die.

We understand that there is a deep feeling of indignation manifested by General Halleck, Com. Porter and other officers at this outrage. The rebel government may be sure that such acts of atrocity will be revenged. In this case the officer was very popular, much beloved and very serviceble.

Gen. Butler on the War.—Gen. Butler's opinion as to the manner in which the war should be prosecuted is given in his letter to the Springfield (Illinois) mass meeting, as follows:

"Compromises are impossible, save between equals in right. Reorganization or reconstruction is alone useful when vicious parts are to be left out. Amnesties are for individuals, not for organized communities. Therefore prosecute the war, bring every part of the country into submission to the laws of the United States; then there will be no place for rebellion, no parties for compromise, no occasion for reconstruction, and clemency may be shown, and amnesties offered to individual citizens who desire them. Is there any other way to restore the Union?"

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

Advertisements inserted at the rate of 75 cents per square—each subsequent insertion 25 cents. A liberal discount made to yearly advertisers, and on long advertisements.

A space equal to twelve lines of this type measured as a square.

Special notices 25 per cent. addition to regular rates.

Business cards, 75 cents a line, per year.

Marriages and Deaths, Religious, Political and other Notices of a public nature, free.

The Death of a Child.

We have sometimes seen a little coffin, like a casket for jewels, all alone by itself in a huge hearse, melancholy with plumes, and gloomy as a frown, and we have thought, not so should we accompany those a little way who go in the morning. We have wondered why they did not take the little coffin into the carriage with them, and lay it gently on their laps—the sleeper there lulled to rest without a bosom or a cradle. We have wondered what use there was for tears in such a going in the early morning from home to home—like fair white doves with downy wings emerging from nether night, and fluttering for entrance at the windows of heaven. Never has there been a hand wanting to take the wanderer in, and shut out the darkness and the storm. Upon these little faces it never seemed to us that Death should place his great seal. There is no thought of the charnel house in those young listeners to the invitation, whose acceptance we are bound not to forbid; there should be morning songs, and not sighs; fresh flo[illegible], and not badges of mourning; no tears, nor clouds, but bright faces and bright dawnings together. Fold up the white robe; lay aside the forgotten toy; smooth the little unpressed pillow, and gently smile as you think of the white raiment, of the harp of gold, and of the fair brow with its diadem of light; smile as you think that no years can make that memory old. An eternal guileless child, waiting about the threshold of Paradise for the coming friends from home.—Here the glad lips would quiver with anguish, the bright curls growing grizzled and gray, the young heart weary and old—but there, changeless as the stars, and young as the last new morning. How many of these littles ones there must be in heaven—gathered up from all climes, even from heathen shores—who have died so young as to retain no memory of earth, and to whom the world of glory seems as their native land.

Humors of the Draft.—Mr. Orphens C. Kerr, the historiographer of the Mackeral Brigade, while lately approaching the Capitolian City, encountered a man—or rather in his own words:

When very near the city, on my return home, I met a chap weighing about 225 pounds, who was on his way to a lawyer's to get exemption from the draft duty fixed.

"See here, my patriotic invalid," says I skeptically, "how do you come to be exempt?"

"I am exempt," says he in a profoundly melancholy manner, "because I am suffet in a from a broken heart."

"Hem," say I.

"It is true," says he, sniffing dismally, "I asked the female of my heart to have me. She said I hadn't [illegible] ideas of [illegible] and [illegible] didn't care to do my washing and [illegible] was enough; my heart is broken, and I am not an able bodied man."

Drafting, my boy, is of a nature to develop the seeds of disease in the hitherto healthy human system.

Who Does it Hurt?

The Copperheads are distressed at the suspension of the *habeas corpus*, and declare that the real object of the Proclamation is political. Pray, how is it to affect a single vote? Who will be prevented from voting for whom he pleases by the suspension of the writ? It is natural, however, that the Copperheads should mourn over the suspension of the *habeas corpus*.—It ensures the prompt filling up of the shattered ranks of our brave armies in the field, and may turn Lee from his purpose to "drive Meade into Washington," and thus "raise the spirits of the Democrats, confirm the timid, and give confidence to the wavering:" but to loyal men at home, and to the war-worn veterans in the ranks, it gives hope and joy, for it ends the occupation of quibbling, cowardly traitors.

A Gloomy Prospect.—The Richmond *Enquirer*, of the 21st ult., says:—The present position of military affairs presents no very encouraging prospect. We see military lines daily changing, and ever against us; State after State overrun; the enemy, as it were, ever gaining ground. We have been repulsed from Pennsylvania, driven from Tennessee, Louisiana and Mississippi, and Arkansas and Missouri are all nearly overrun. The physical prospect of the war presents but little bright and encouraging.

The Dayton (Ohio) *Journal* gives the following scientfiic definition of Greek fire:

"A subscriber asks us, "What is Greek fire?" It is an unconsitutional composition, compounded by diabolical Yankee abolitioniate, for the express purpose of distressing the friends of the peace Democracy. Its immediate effect will be to give Beauregard and the Charlestonians a foretaste of what may befall them hereafter."

BEAVER ARGUS

Wednesday, Oct. 14, 1863.

D. L. IMBRIE, Editor & Proprietor.

NOTICE.

HAVING disposed of my interest in the Beaver *Argus*, all those indebted to me for subscription, job work, etc., will please call and settle immediately with J. L. Anderson, who is authorized to receipt in my name.

Feb. 19, '62. T. C. NICHOLSON.

GLORIOUS VICTORY!

THE UNION SAVED!

The Enemies of the Government Routed!

We have the pleasure of announcing to our friends the glorious news that a great Union victory has been achieved. Pennsylvania now stands where she has always stood—in favor of the Constitution and Laws. A victory has been won which is of greater importance than a victory of the great Rosecrans or Meade could be. It will carry terror into the hearts of Southern traitors in the North. The vile leaders of the copperheads who would surrender our Government into the hands of the enemies of freedom, have been rebuked by the people, who are always loyal, if not led astray by the falsehoods of reckless and unprincipled scoundrels, such as we have amongst us—men who are a disgrace to our country.

Freemen, you have gained a noble triumph of which you may well be proud, and the manly, patriotic and loyal Democrats who have stood by their country in its time of peril, are entitled to, and have our most sincere respect. We congratulate them upon the victory they have so largely contributed to win.

Below we give the results as far as they have been ascertained, and shall give the correct and full state of the case as soon as possible.

Beaver county gives about 1600 majority for the Union Ticket.

The majority in Pennsylvania for Curtin and Agnew will be about 10,000.

The returns from Ohio, as far as heard from, show that the Union ticket will have about from 70,000 to 80,000 majority.

We can now see clearly that the end of this treasonable Southern rebellion, and the infamous treason of Northern copperheads is at hand.—The scoundrels have already skulked into the dens to hide themselves from the gaze of the people whom they have disgraced by their accursed presence.

The whole county and district [illegible]

Pennsylvania.

Erie Co.—Erie City gives 297 majority for Curtin. The majority in the county will probably reach 3,000.

Westmoreland Co.—The Greensburg district gives Curtin a gain of 41 on his last vote. St. Clair gives Curtin a gain of 26.

Venango Co.—Oil City gives Curtin a majority of 91, a gain of sixty. Franklin gives Curtin 42 majority, a gain of 21.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 12.—The city gives Curtin 8,000 majority. The Union men gain three members of the Legislature as far as heard from. J. D. Watson, Union, is elected in the 1st Legislative district, heretofore one of the Democratic strongholds.

Chester Co.—Oxford tp gives Curtin 22 maj., a gain of 29. East Nottingham, Curtin 8 maj., a gain of 49. Hopewell, Curtin 3 maj., a gain of 18. Lower Oxford, Woodward, 30 maj., a Curtin gain of 18. East Coventry, Curtin 190; Woodward 86.

Northampton Co.—Bethlehem boro. gives Woodward 50 majority, a Democratic gain of 18. Easton borough gives Curtin 77 maj., a gain of 17 as compared with 1860. South Easton gives Curtin 69 maj., a Union gain of 38, as compared with 1860. Freemansburg boro. gives Woodward 5 maj., a gain of 3 for Curtin, compared with 1860. Salisbury tp gives Woodward 666 maj., Democratic gain of 172.

Bucks Co.—Doylestown boro. gives Woodward 1 majority, Curtin gain, 18.

Lehigh Co.—Emans boro. gives Curtin 1 majority; Democratic gain of 5.

Columbia Co.—Bloomsburg boro. and township Curtin 87 maj., a Curtin gain of 130.

Monroe Co.—Stroudsburg boro. gives Curtin 52 majority.

Susquehanna Co.—Great Bend boro. 17 majority for Woodward—a gain of 90 for Curtin.

Lycoming Co.—Lewis township, Woodward a majority 4—a Curtin gain of 18. M'Intyre township, Curtin 41 majority; Williamsport boro. Curtin 146 majority.

Schuylkill Co.—Pottsville borough gives Curtin a majority of 446, a gain of 93 on the vote of 1862. Norwegian borough gives Woodward a majority of 245, a gain of 500 on the vote of 1862. Auburn, 18 majority for Curtin. Union township, 247 majority, a considerable Democratic gain over the vote of 1860. Tamaqua borough, 174 majority for Woodward.—Port Clinton, 9 majority for Curtin.

Lehigh Co.—Lokenlagus borough gives Curtin 87 majority, a gain of 18. Allentown borough, Fifth ward, 105 majority for Woodward.

Delaware Co.—The town of Chester and eight boroughs gives Curtin a majority of 350.

Carbon Co.—East Mauch Chunk borough, 11 majority for Curtin, a gain of 28 over the vote of 1860. Carbon, 138 majority for Curtin; last year a tie vote. Morristown borough 128 majority for Curtin, a gain of 524 over 1860.

Lancaster Co.—Lancaster city gives 58 for Woodward, a Union gain of 312 over 1860. Lancaster township, (Mr. Buchanan's residence,) gives Curtin 86 majority, a gain of 44 over 1860, and a gain of 186 in the four districts heard from.

Harrisburg.—89 majority for Woodward. Dauphin county, it is estimated, will give about 1,200 majority for Curtin.

Butler Co.—Light districts give the Union State Ticket 400 majority.

Crawford Co. Curtin's majority two thousand.

Ohio.

Columbiana Co.—Wellsville gives Brough a majority of 211, a gain of 105 over last fall. Salinesville gives Brough 200 maj.

Portage Co.—In Atwater, Brough has a majority of 162. Ravenna gives Brough 244 majority. Rootstown, 50; Edinburg, 71; Palmyra, 48; Wyndham, 180.

Montgomery Co.—In Dayton, (Vallandigham's home,) Brough has a majority of 267.

Cincinnati returns indicate Brough's majority from three to four thousand.

Crawford Co.—Whetstone township gives Vallandigham 77 maj.

Muskingum Co.—Zanesville gives Brough 174 majority, a large Union gain. Four townships heard from gives 480 gain. The county give Brough six hundred maj.

STEUBENVILLE, Oct. 13.—Brough's majority in Steubenville township 24; a Union gain since last fall of 386.

CINCINNATI, Oct. 13.—The election passed off quietly throughout the State. A very large vote was polled. The following returns have been received:

Lebanon—Brough 485, Vallandigham 121; Union gain 117.

Sandusky City—Brough 365 majority, a gain of 443 over last year.

Muskingum County Brough 600 maj; large Union gain.

Lancaster City—Vallandigham 16 maj. Union gain 151.

Marietta—Brough 600 majority.—Gain 263.

Erie county—Brough 1,700. Gain 1,100.

Cuyahoga county—Brough 5,000 maj.—Cleveland—Brough 2,400.

Mansfield gives Brough 100 majority; a gain of 25 votes

Elyria gives Brough 876 majority; a gain of 150.

The 28th regiment gives Brough 167. Vallandigham none.

The 18th regiment gives Brough 450. Vallandigham none

The 23d regiment gives Brough 484. Vallandigham none.

Col. White's brigade gives Brough 1,250. Vallandigham 8.

Clarke County gives Brough 1,700 majority, a gain of 100.

Lucas co.—1,200 Union majority.

Montgomery co.—200 Union maj.

Wood co.—1,100 Union maj.

Lucas co.—Brough 1,100 maj.

Washington co.—Brough about 500 maj.

Gilbert's Brigade—Brough 1,500. Vallandigham 22.

104th reg.—Brough 460, Val. 4.

Summit co. Brough 2,000 maj.

Warren co.—Brough 2,300 maj. a gain over Todd's vote of 640.

Cass co.—Brough about 400 maj.

Scioto co.—Brough 450 maj. Gain 1,000.

Camp Denison—Brough 135, Val 5.

Butler co.—Vallandigham 1,000 maj.

The Ohio troops at Charleston, Va., give Brough 2,733, Vallandigham 500.

10th Ohio—Brough 475, Vallandigham 18.

Ross co—Brough about 400 maj.

100th Reg.—Brough 475, Vallandigham 10.

Brough's majority on the home vote, in Ohio, is estimated at 40,000. The soldiers' vote will increase this majority to 80,000!

Indiana.

Indianapolis—The election returns, so far as heard from, in this State, for county officers, indicate a large Union gain. Tuesday gives a Union majority of 2,100, a gain of 600. In every county and precinct the reported gains are equally as large.

Concert for the Benefit of the Soldiers.

A concert for the benefit of the soldiers, will take place in Hookstown, on Thursday evening, 22d inst. The performances will consist of Vocal and Instrumental music. A Brass Band is expected to be present on the occasion. The object is a good one, and we hope it may meet with that success which it deserves.

Fresh Oysters.

Peter Angel, of Bridgewater, calls the attention of his friends and customers—and those who desire a nice dish of Oysters, to the fact that he is receiving, daily Maltby's Oysters, the best Oysters known. He will also sell by can or half can.

☞ The report that there are 13,000 exchanged Union prisoners at City Point, awaiting transportation to Washington, is denied. There are no exchanges of consequence going on at present.

Letter From North Carolina.

PLYMOUTH, N. C., Sept. 16, '63.

MR. EDITOR:—Inquiries contained in a private letter received a few days ago from a friend in Western Pennsylvania, as well as significant inquiries from other sources, received from time to time, have convinced us, that in the minds of a certain class, the true position of the army upon some of the prominent questions, connected with the prosecution of the war, is not even yet fully understood.

We desire, therefore, to occupy a short spapce in the columns of the *Argus*, as a medium through which to reply to these interrogatories, and define what we conceive to be the spirit by which the Union Army is actuated.

We are asked, "if we have not grown tired of the war, and discouraged at the slow progress of the cause and the reverses of the past."

If it be meant to ask whether we are weary of the hardships, privations and exposure of a protracted campaign, the long exile from friends and home, the fearful waste of life and treasure, then our prompt and unhesitating reply is in the affirmative; but if it be meant to insinuate by this question that a compromise involving the least sacrifice of the undying principles for which we are contending, and for which so many of our companions have sought a lonely grave, would be acceptable, then we reply still more promptly in the negative.

Nor is there anything in the progress which we have made, or the reverses with which we have met, to discourage or depress us. But on the contrary, when we remember the vast extent of the enemies territofy now in our possession, the rivers, forts and cities wrested from his traitorous grasp, together with the despondency, and gloom everywhere apparent throughout the dominions of treason, we rejoice in the assurance that the progress of our cause has not only been rapid, but sure and decisive.

It is true, the army may not have accomplished all that an enthusiastic and over-sanguine populace expected; but the history of all wars has taught us that their progress invariably fails to satisfy the hopes of the people.

Too much is expected, and especially by those who have overlooked the obstacles in the way; and a series of brilliant triumphs and uninterrupted successes, and the speedy subjugation of the enemy must be secured, or they give way to hopeless discouragement, and too often, to bitter denunciations of the Government.

But we have not forgotton that our fathers struggled seven long years to establish the principles, which underlie our free institutions, and yet before three years have passed, we are seriously asked whether we have not grown weary and discouraged in the effort for their perpetuation!

The language of the Italian patriot? "He who despairs of his country is either a traitor or a coward," is endorsed by the army and meets an echo in every loyal heart.

Again we are asked, "how we view the policy of the Government in freeing and arming slaves."

The wisdom of the Proclamation of freedom, viewed as a "war measure" seems not to admit of a doubt. The right to destroy slavery or any other element of power in possession of an enemy must be regarded, in times of war, as including the resources of a power engaged in military operation, is the legitimate prey of the enemy; this principle is recognized by the law of nations and the usages of war.

Surely then, to weaken the Rebellious States, by depriving them of the labor of their slaves, is but a legitimate means to the overthrow of Rebellion, and he who would oppose it may find the cause of that opposition in a latent sympathy for the object which it most effects.

Hitherto, in the minds of many true patriots, strong prejudice against the employment of negro soldiers, has existed, arising mainly in want of confidence in the ability of such a measure.

Will the negro fight—can he be relied upon in the hour of trial—will he learn readily the use of arms and the art of war, were questions crowding up for solution, but long since solved by his noble conduct in every conflict where the test was made.

The ignorant and vulgar prejudice against this race is without foundation, and is fast giving place to a more just and enlightened view of the capability of a race whose sighs of oppression, hitherto suppressed by the power of the nation, have long since reached the ear of the sufferers' God, and he is permitted at length to aid in throwing off the chains with which man's avarice has weighed him down, while he proves to the world the injustice of denying his natural rights.

And such now, is the view of the National army.

The patriots of '76 did not hesitate to employ them in the military service against the tyranny of the Old World; nor were their services rejected in the more recent war of 1812. Such men as Washington and Jackson thought it no disgrace to lead negroes to battle and victory; and why should we hesitate now to ally them with us in the effort to preserve our nationality and all that is dear and sacred to man.

"Will the negro fight?"

Go to the blood-stained scenes of his recent conflicts, and inquire. In almost every engagement he has proved himself possessed of courage and bravery of the highest order—proved a fact yet to be proven by many who sneeringly ask the question.

The existence of this element in the character of the negro is tacitly conceded, also, by many in the North, who, when conscripted, have even preferred to represent themselves in *his person*, in the hour of danger, when courage alone will suffice. If actuated by motives of patriotism, surely those who have substituted negros for themselves, clearly acknowledge his capacity for usefulness in the army, or still more clearly acknowledge the absence in themselves of the [illegible] ties necessary for such service.

During the incipient stages of the war, it must be admitted that this unfounded prejudice against the African race, had an existence in the minds of many in the army; but recent developments and the experience of the past year have effected a thorough revolution in the sentiments of this class. None of that old prejudice was manifested during the past month, while a Regiment of colored troops was stationed at this place, the military discipline and soldierly conduct of which did credit to their organization.

The immense revenue arising from the enforcement of the late conscipt act, would certainly be well expended in arming and equipping this class of volunteers

The spirit of the army, so far as our knowledge extends, has never been more full of sanguine hope; the prospect for success has never been brighter; in every thing essential we are thoroughly united, and if true to ourselves, faithful to our cherished principles, just in the cause of humanity, firm in our allegiance to the God of nations, we can not fail, eventually to be rewarded as a people for our sacrifices in the cause of liberty.

Impressed with the righteousness of our cause and the sanctity of the principles involved, our solemn vow is registered in heaven to acknowledge no compromise until treason is disarmed.

Who that has followed our country's banner through the smoke and carnage of battle, could now consent to yield a single star from its bright galaxy, over the fresh mounds that cover the cherished remains of murdered patriots.

There is nothing to fear from disaffection in the army.

Having briefly answered these inquiries permit us to ask how you propose to act your part in election to the army and the prosecution of the war? If the people of the loyal states do not desert us, but still continue to sustain the measures of the government, ignoring all party considerations, burying forever the jealousies and animosities of the past and addressing themselves to the one great work of saving the nation, then by the blessing of heaven, may we hope that the "beams of the star of empire," will yet throw a new, a glorious lustre upon the history of our country. A. W. TAYLOR.

Lieut. Col. 101st Regt. P. V.

DARLINGTON, Sept. 28, 1863.

A meeting for the purpose of making arrangements for a pic-nic to assist the Christian Commission, convened in the Methodist Church, and came to order by calling Rev. Mr. Waugh to the chair. On motion the Rev. Mr. Lowrie, of Beaver, being present, was called to address the meeting, who spoke at length about the suffering of our sick and wounded soldiers (from being an eye witness) not for the want of the substantials of life but the little delicacies which are so essential to the comfort of the sick and wounded; also the facilities of the Christian Commission to supply these wants, their free transit over the various benefactions entrusted to this care; after which it was unanimously agreed to hold a pic-nic on, Thursday, the 15th of Oct., at 10 o'clock, a. m. The following persons were chosen for a committee of arrangement:

Gentlemen—Jos. Y. Cook, S. G. Caughey, R. S. Imbrie, Jos. Cunningham, Dr. S. McRoss, Dr. G. W. Gardiner, David Ferguson, Jos. McWilliams, S. S. Streiby, Robt. Rhodes, Samuel Bricker A. M. Mecklem.

Ladies—Mrs. R. S. Imbrie, Mrs. A. B. Bradford, Mrs. Dr. Gardiner, Mrs. Dr. Ross, Mrs. Alex. Silliman, Mrs. Sallie Cochran, Miss Ellen Caughey, Mattie Elder, Mary Duff, Sade Garvin, Maggie Cook, M. Patterson, Jemima Silliman, Jane M'Elheny, Lizzie M'Connel, M. A. Wilson, E. J. Martin, Isabel Braden, Cal. Crawford, C. Young, Mrs. R. E. Hudson.

The committee were instructed to invite the Economy Brass Band to be present on the occasion, whose superior excellence is acknowledged by all who hear them, after which the meeting adjourned.

REV. WAUGH, *Pres't.*

R. G. COOK, *Sec'y.*

Mysterious Movement of Lee's Army, and its Probable Design.

WASHINGTON, October 11.—Intelligence of an authentic character did not reach Washington till last night that the rebels had abandoned the line of the Rapidan and retreated in a southward direction. On the fact being known at Meade's headquarters yesterday morning, Gen. Buford's cavalry were sent across the the Rapidan, and found that the enemy's evacuation of the south bank had been completed. On proceeding inland they came upon a portion of Stuart's cavalry, evidently covering the retreat of the rebel infantry.

Considerable skirmishing ensued, but it did not result in our ascertaining whether the enemy had fallen back on Gordonsville, or whether it was attempting some flank movement to get between Gen. Meade's army and Washington, in a similar manner to Stonewall Jackson's movement on Pope over the same ground.

The prevailing impression seems to be that the rebels have gone to Gordonsville and Richmond, where sufficient garrisons may be left, and the remainder of Lee's army sent to Bragg and Beauregard. If, on the contrary, the enemy are attempting a flank movement, our forces are fully prepared for it.

Col. Corine, commissary at Gen Meade's headquarters, has come up to night, and reports the rebel evacuation of the line of the Rapidan to be most complete, and has been very rapidly made.

Rebel Reports—Bragg's Loss Set Down at Thirty Thousand.

The Richmond correspondence of the New York Daily News, under date of September 29, has the following in relation to the late battles in Georgia:

Bragg has fought a battle, and Bragg has reported to the Department that he gained a great victory But General Bragg does not mention what his losses were, although we know that according to accounts of the sanguary conflict, the battles near Chattanooga may be called drawn fights—both opponents are terribly used up. To a great extent, General Bragg has lost confidence of the people, from the fact that he has so often deceived them by false despatches, crediting himself with victories when he actually suffered a most disatrous defeat—for instance, at Shiloh. But the public is credulous, and any rumor of a victory sets them ablaze, and no matter who is the leader, he is at once exalted.

The list of killed, wounded and missing will not fall short of thirty thousand. Among the latter is Brig. Gen. Adams, of Texas, who was reported badly wounded and in the hands of the enemy. Thirteen Generals have been put *hors de combat* in the last engagement and have been either killed, wounded or captured.—The brave Gen. Kemper, who has recently been exchanged for the Federal Gen. Graham, remains still in this city. He is in very feeble health, but expects soon to assume active duties. His promotion is earnestly solicited by his numerous friends, and as soon as he is able to take the field, it will be as Major General.

Robert E. Lee, Commander-in-Chief of the army in Virginia, has been in town for two days past, consulting with the authorities as to future movements. It is understood that the army is about to go into winter quarters, but this information is imparted merely as "court gossip."—The general impression, however, is that Gen. Lee will not move from his fortified positions on the Rapidan and Gordonsville, unless sorely pressed by Meade's army, in which case he can readily fall back on the entrenchments around this city.

The flower of his army is at present with Bragg. Gen. Longstreet, on being ordered to reinforce the army of the Tennessee, received permission to pick his men. He selected his favorite Generals, the lamented Hood and Jenkins, who was the terror of the foe on the Nansemond last Spring and a number of others well and favorably known. Having such veteran troops to fight with, men who have so often been baptised in the blood of Mars, and distinguished in every battle from Bull Run to Gettysburg, Bragg was expected to annihilate the Union army, and not only to recapture Chattanooga, but also pursue the flying enemy and at once take possession of Nashville, and, in fact of all Tennessee.

Longstreet feels the disgrace badly, and only his great patriotism and devotion to country cause him to serve under an officer who is greatly inferior to him, as a man and a soldier. It will astonish no one to hear very soon that Braxton Bragg has been relieved and General Longstreet ordered to assume his command. Such result [illegible] satisfaction.

Cheerful Letter from Mr. Bright

A letter from John Bright, M. P., to a gentleman in Washington, dated Richdale, September 26th, 1863, says: "I need not tell you how much I rejoice in the prospects of a termination of your grevious war, and how much I hope that your independence of the Slave Power is being secured. There is much angry feeling on your side against this country, and there is cause for it. Nevertheless our Government has stood firm against all proposition for mediation or recognition from France, and in conduct, in some respects, contrasts favorably with that of the Emperor of the French, and this hope your people will not forget. The iron-clads will not be allowed to go out on their piratical career, and Mason, the Southern Envoy, has left London in disgust. I hope this will show you that every thing is not bad in England."

NEW YORK, Oct. 11.—A special Washington dispatch to the *Mercury* states that the entire rebel army has fallen back from the Rapidan, probably to Richmond. All their artillery was removed. The retreat has probably been going on several days, though their main front was not withdrawn till Saturday.

The *Mercury's* Washington dispatch says the recent high tides have swept away most of the obstructions in Charleston harbor.

Gen. Gillmore has been lately reinforced with troops, and it is expected he will soon be in possession of a portion of James Island. Another night attack ore this has been made on Sumter.

☞ A dispatch has been received from Gen. Rosecrans, giving an account of the Rebel attack on Chattanooga, reported with such a flourish by the Rebels. It appears that the Rebels made a shameful waste of powder, standing off at such a long distance that it was difficult to tell whether they were firing a salute or making a beligerent attack on the stronghold. Not a man was injured, and all kept at their work without the least interruption. There is no official confirmation of the Rebel statement that two of our bridges over the Tennessee had been carried away by a rise in the in the river.—Telegraphic communication between Nashville and Stevenson has been restored.

☞ At Philadelphia a mammoth floating battery of 3,500 tons burden is building.

[CONTINUED FROM LAST WEEK.]

Exemption List.

Exempt on Account Two Brothers of same House in Service.

Jas M Thompson, Peters, Wash. co.

witnesses, Rose Sweeny, J Fife, M D.

Isaac Hoon, Buffalo, Wash co; witnesses, Andrew Guntz, Wm Donahey.

JosT Matchett, Robinson, Wash co.

Thos Kistler, Wash co; witnesses, Maria Kisler, R S Kisler.

Gordon Scott, Hanover, Wash co; witnesses, Wm Dorrman, Levi Davis.

Jos Morris, Mt Pleasant, Wash co; witnesses, C Fennimore, Jas Moffit.

John M'Bride, Robinson, Wash co; witnesses, H N Pollock, D H Wilson.

John J Barnett, Rich Hill, Greene co; witness, Marg't Barnett, D Anthony

Oliver Allison, W Finley, Wash co; witnesses, Alex Sproul, Eli Allison.

Levi Gray, Washington, Greene co; witnesses, Wilson Purman, J C Miliken

Milton Huffman, Centre, Greene co; witnesses, Benj Huffman, Eli Thomas.

Joel Evans, Aleppo, Greene co; witnesses, Perry Rush, Jos Evans.

Jno Plitcher, Aleppo, Greene co; witnesses; Danl Plitcher, Adam Wise.

George Woods, Centre, Greene co; witnesses, Wm Wood, W W Leodard,

Francis Brady, Chartiers, Wash co; witnesses, John Brady, John Paxton.

Hosea H Swisher, N Beaver, Law co; witnesses, Jno K Swisher, T Dungan.

David Kerr, Cumberland, Greene co; witnesses, James Kerr, Ealenor Kerr.

Alvin Broad, Monongahela, Greene co.

Geo W Miner, Waynesburg, Greene co; witnesses, Jno Hazen, D L Miner.

Wm Fisher, Buffalo, Wash co; witnesses, Wm M'Bride, Jas J Clelland.

Isaac Carson, Donegal, Wash co.

Exempt on account of being Aliens.

Abraham Headland, New Sewickly, Beaver county.

Michael Handley, Smith, Wash co; witnesses, Thos Adams, Jno Morrow.

John F Miller, Darlington, Beaver co.

Thos Murray, Hanover, Wash co.

Michael Mills, N Strrbane, Wash co; witnesses, David Quail, Jas Mills.

Jas Hallwell, Fallston, Beaver co; witness, James Hallwell

Exempt on account of being under 20 years of age

Wm Orndoff, Franklin, Greene co; witnesses, David Spragg, Wm Orndoff.

Noadiah Clutter, Rich Hill, Greene co; witnesses, M Mellon Wm Carter.

Alex S Hurst, Washington, Greene co; witnesses, W Dunn, Jno Register.

Danl Hitchcock, Rich Hill, Greene co; witnesses, J W Hunt, L L Curry.

Cyrus Stillwellwell, Morris, Greene co; witnessess, Jas Auld, C Stillwell.

John M'Cullom, Morris, Greene co; witnesses, J P M'Cullom, Mary M'Cullom.

Saml Brattan, Rich Hill, Greene co; witnesses, Ezek'l Braden, G Moringer.

Robt B Milliken, Morris, Greene co; witnesses, Jos Milliken, Robt Milliken.

Newton Headley, Rich Hill Greene co; witnesses, Chris Nuss, J P Vanatta.

Sebast'n C Dooley, Dunkard Greene co; witnesses, John Dooley, Sarah Dooley.

Johnson Shriver, Jackson, Greene co; witnesses, Manassah Wildman, John Edwards.

Geo W Strawn, Cumberland, Greene co; witnesses, Minerva Strawn, A E Young.

Clark Grimage, Centre, Greene co; witnesses, Jos M'Curdy, Sidney M'Curdy.

Isaac Johnston, Cumberland, Greene co; witnesses, Saml Hunter, G W Conner.

Exempt on account of being non residents.

Artemus M Brown, Hopewell, Wash co; witness, D S Brown, Pro. Marshal 4th Dist, O.

Forbes Holton, New Castle, Law. co; witnesses, C D Coleman, Provost Marshal, St Louis, Mo.

Noble Holton, New Castle, Law. co, witness, C C Manening, Provost Marshal 2d Dist. Mo.

J M Woods, Centre, Greene co; witnesses, John S Funk, John Hagens.

J Province, Monongahela, Greene co; witnesses, Wm Clearinger, Joseph Province

Exempt on account of being in Service March 3d, 1863.

Lewis Steele,	Rich Hill,	Greene co
Wm Smith,	Centre,	"
James Parkinson,	Rich Hill,	"
Stephen P Beatty,	W Bethl'm,	Wash co
Thos Taylor,	Gilmore,	Greene co
Geo M Baker,	Jefferson,	"
John Boosel,	Plain Grove,	Law co
Joseph Bell,	Morgan,	Greene co
Seely S Bayard,	Whitley,	"
T A J Gray,	Rich Hill,	"
John Allum,	"	"

Exempt on Account of being 35 years of age and Married.

Vincent C Harrison, Chartiers, Washington co.

Silas C M'Cracken, W Finley, Washington co.

Robt W Munnell, Smith, Wash co; witnesses, Samuel Munnell, N Buchanan.

Isaac Leonard, W Bethlehem, Wash co; witnesses, Lucretia Leonard, Luzanna Leonard.

John Arnold, Millsboro, Wash co; witnesses, Jas M Hawthorn, Alex Dalley.

Amos B Ales, E Pike Run, Wash co; witnesses, Jasmes Ailes, Elizabeth Ailes.

Allen Ryan, Hanover, Wash co.

Samuel H Patton, Hanover, "

Gilbert Marshall, Rich Hill, Greene co; witnesses, James Marshall, Hugh Marshall.

James Parson, Aleppo, Greene co; witnesses, Vincent Parson, Alice Parsch.

John Killen, Rich Hill, Greene co; witnesses, Wm Loughridge, Mary Loughridge.

Thos Dinsmore, Rich Hill, Greene co; witnesses, John M'Donald, Thos M'Durbin.

JOHN CUTHBERTSON,
Captain & Provost Marshal,
24th District Penn'a.

By order of Col. FRY,
Provost Marshal General.

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 12, '63.

Official dispatches from Rosecrans state that the rebels in his rear are defeated and driven off. Communication direct with Chattanooga is fully established. All was quiet there yesterday.

Lord Lyons and Admiral Milne of the North American British squadron, had a protracted interview with the President this morning. The President is now engaged in making a reply to the Missourians, which will be ready next week.

Sutlers and others, who arrived from the front last night, report that active movements are being made in Lee's army. The particulars are not given.

The garrisons of the various forts around Washington are busily engaged in constructing Winter quarters for themselves.

Miss Charlotte Cushman is in this city, and is the guest of Secretary Seward She will perform here this week for the benefit of the United States Sanitary Commission.

Great activity prevails in the Army of the Potomac, but the details cannot be given.

A rumor is widely circulated here to the effect that large amounts of treasury notes raised from ones to twenty, are in circulation. Government detectives seem inclined to the belief that they are manufactured in Pennsylvania.

Last night a party of mounted guerrillas moved to various localities on the southside of the Potomac, including Bailey's Cross Roads, Falls Church and Munson's Hill and robbed the individuals of various amounts of money and other valuables. They exhibited no little boldness in their depredations at the first named places, within three miles of Fort Richardson, and the other points visited by them, are in close proximity to our lines.

Count Garowski was to day in the Criminal Court, found not guilty, of the libel against Mr. Hunter, chief clerk of the State Department, who had complained that the court had published this language for the purpose of inducing the belief, that he had reposed in him as one of his officials.

☞ Our forces in and about Harper's Ferry have met with pretty severe usage at the hands of Imboden's guerilla force. In the first place a scouting party, belonging to Captain Mean's cavalry, said to be [illegible], had a skirmish with Imboden's men and were repulsed, losing one killed, three wounded and twelve prisoners. Subsequently the cavalry at Harper's Ferry and two regiments of infantry went out to meet the enemy, who were threatening an attack. They found them, had a skirmish, were drawn into an ambuscade and badly cut up. Capt. Somers, a brave and worthy officer, was among the killed.

ST. LOUIS, Friday, Oct. 9, 1863.

A special dispatch to *The Democrat*, dated Vicksburg, Sept. 30, says Joe Johnston was at Canton, Mississippi, with 15,000 troops, his supposed design being to prevent reenforcements going to Rosecrans. Gen. Stephen D. Lee had 4,000 Rebel cavalry near Vicksburg. Johnston says their victories are useless unless they can crush Rosecrans before reinforcements reach him.

The Memphis Atlanta Appeal, speaking of their success at Chattanooga, says: "We shall now be recognized. Our securities will rise. Vallandigham will be elected!"

IRON CITY COLLEGE, PITTSBURG, PA.—There is no institution of learning in the country, at present, attracting so great an amount of attention as this. Students are flocking to it from all parts of the country, on account of the reputation it has among business men for making through, practical and reliable accountants.

Its graduates take precedence over those of all other Commercial Schools; a Diploma from this College being a certain passport to success in business life.

The Faculty is composed of skillful, experienced men, who are at the head of their profession, and who are well known to be eminently fitted for the position they occupy. Every young man in the country should try to avail himself of the advantages afforded by a course of study in this College. Circulars of the College, containing full information, can be had on addressing the Principals, Messrs. JENKINS & SMITH, PITTSBURG, PA.

☞ The London *News* does not think much of the plan of defence of the rebels, placing their women, children and prisoners in the centres of their systems of defensive works, and then appealing to the humanity of the besiegers.

☞ The Boston *Traveller* says that Brig. Gen Sherman, who lost a leg at the siege of Port Hudson, has nearly recovered. He is still at Newport, and is able to hobble about the streets by the use of crutches He will soon procure an artificial leg, and return to duty.

☞ President Lincoln denies emphatically that he has received any peace overtures from the rebels, as mentioned in a New York journal of Friday last.

MARRIED—Oct. 1st, by Rev. W. G. Taylor, of Beaver, Dr. JAMES S. ELLIOTT and Miss JANE WITHERSPOON, both of Beaver county.

DIED:—August 28, 1863, Mrs. SUSAN, wife of David M'Cready, of Sharon, Beaver Co, aged about 59 years.

Dr. Tobias' Venetian Liniment.

CERTAIN CURE FOR PAINS AND ACHES, and warranted superior to any other. Croup it positively cures; relief is absolutely sure immediately it is used. Mothers remember this, and arm yourselves with a bottle without delay. Croup is discovered which gives no notice, frequently attacking the child in the dead hour of night: before a physician can be summoned it may be too late. Remember, the Venetian Liniment never fails. Price 25 and 50 cents a bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Office, 56 Cortlandt Street, New-York.

Beaver Markets.

CORRECTED WEEKLY FOR THE "ARGUS."

Flour, per bbl.		$ 00
do 100 lbs		3 60
Dried Apples per bushel		1 50
do Peaches "	"	3 50
Wheat "	"	1 25
Rye "	"	90
Corn "	"	1 00
Oats "	"	50
Barley "	"	
Clover Seed, "	"	6 00
Timothy Seed, "	"	2 00
Flax Seed "	"	3 00
Beans "	"	2 75
Potatoes "	"	60
Onions "	"	1 00
Corn Meal "	"	1 00
Eggs "	dozen	12
Butter "	lb	20
Hams "	"	13
Shoulders "	"	8
Sides "	"	9
Lard "	"	10
Tallow "	"	10
Candles "	"	16
Soap "	"	8
Molasses "	Gallon	75
Carbon Oil "	"	75

Register's Notice.

ALL persons interested in the following Administration and Guardian Accounts, which have been passed and filed in the Register's office, of Beaver county, county, Pa., will take notice that the same will be presented to the Orphans' Court, to be held at Beaver, on Wednesday, the 11th day of November, 1863, for confirmation and allowance.

The final account of Robert Dilworth, Administrator of the estate of Thomas Britton, deceased.

The final account of Matthew Gilliland and Robert McClure, Administrators of the estate of David Gilliland, dec'd.

The account of Dr. John M'Carroll, Administrator of the estate of Rev. James M'Carroll, dec'd.

The final account of Jesse and Agnes Carothers, Administrators of the estate of John Carothers, dec'd., who was Administrator of the estate of James Carothers, dec'd.

The final account (Real and Personal) of Matthew Brewer, Administrator of the estate of Hugh Brewer, dec'd.

The first account of Edwin Reader and Wm. Boucher, Executors of the last will and testament of John Snyder, dec'd.

The final accounts (Real and Personal) of Samuel Duncan and Wm. Cumming, Executors of the last will and testament of D. Ewing, dec'd.

The first account of Dr. S. Cunningham, Cecelia and Jane Cunningham, Executors of the last will and testament of Dr. R. Cunningham, dec'd.

The first account of Samuel Moore, Guardian of Ann Harsha, minor daughter of Hugh Harsha, dec'd.

A. R. MOORE, Register.

(New Brighton Times copy.)

List of Causes for Nov'r. Term '63.

Commencing 2d Monday (9th).

FIRST WEEK:

White, use vs. Philip Morgan.
City " vs. Thomas Dickson.
Baldwin " vs. John Ferguson.
Collins & Co. " vs. W. M. Shirts, et al.
[illegible] vs. James M'Kee, et al.

SECOND WEEK.

Beeson vs. Darling, Little Chr'ch
[illegible] vs. Carroll Morgan, et al.
Cummins vs. James Loudon.
Davis vs. Thomas Watts.
" vs. And'w M'Millen et al
" vs. William Gill, et al.
[illegible] use vs. John Duff's ex'r.

M. WEYAND, Pro.

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS OF [illegible] County.

In the matter of the application for a Charter of the Rochester Cemetery Association, Pa.

And now, Sept. 15, 1863, the Court, upon presentation and consideration of the within petition, do direct the same to be given notice of, and that the first day of next term be appointed for hearing, or exceptions to the same.

M. WEYAND, Pro.

The Howe Sewing Machine.

(PATENTED IN 1845.)

Awarded at the World's Fair, awarded a Diploma and Medal as the best Sewing Machine for all purposes on exhibition: besides Four Grand Medals for superior sewing, etc., to as many exhibitors.

Varieties.—1. Family Machine. 2. Tailoring. 3. Tailoring and Gaiter. 4. Boot and Shoe (heavy). 5. Trimming and Harness Making.

Its unrivaled The Family Machine, to make perfect work equal to the highest and Heaviest Fabrics.

For sale by

A. WYNN, Agent, Beaver, Pa.

Dec. 2, 1863.

LIST OF LETTERS

REMAINING in the Post Office at Beaver, Pa., Sept. 21, 1863:

Curry John
Doud Eugene
Huddleston Wm
Johnston Jas M 2
Needham Johnathan
Prudent Lavina
Williott M

Persons calling for letters in the above list please say they are advertised.

M. J. ANDERSON, P. M.

EXECUTORS NOTICE.

WHEREAS letters testamentary on the estate of Josiah T. W. M'Cune, late of Darlington tp., Beaver co., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

NANCY M'CUNE,
Executrix.

Nov. 4, '63.

STRAY COW.

CAME to the enclosure of the subscriber, in Raccoon tp., on the 14th of August, a red and white cow, white back and red sides; supposed to be about 5 years old. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away, or otherwise she will be disposed of according to law.

(sept15) SAMUEL SHILLITO.

[illegible], M. D.....J. M. CUMMINS, M. D.

C. P. Cummins & Son.

OFFER their professional services as Physicians and Surgeons, to the citizens of Beaver and vicinity. They can always be found, when not professionally engaged, at the Drug Store of C. P. Cummins, M. D.

Dec. 2

Time Table.

CLEVELAND & PITTSBURGH, R. R.

Beaver Station—GOING EAST.

Commencing, Monday, Apr. 20, 1863.—Trains leave Beaver Station as follows:

7:25 A. M.	Arrives at Pittsburgh,	9:10 A. M.
1:55 P. M.	" "	3:20 P. M.
6:56 P. M.	" "	8:05 P. M.

GOING WEST—

Trains leave Pittsburgh as follows:

6:00 A. M.	Arrives at Beaver,	7:40 A. M.
12:40 P. M.	Rochester,	2:00 P. M.
3:50 P. M.	" "	5:25 P. M.

J. N. M'CULLOUGH, *Pres't.*

F. R. MYERS, *Gen'l Ticket Agent.*

PITTSBURG, FT. WAYNE & CHICAGO R. R.

Rochester Station—GOING EAST.

	Leaves Rochester	Arr. at Pitts.
1st Brigh'n Accom.	5:10 A. M.	7:00 A. M.
2d Brigh'n "	6:45 P. M.	8:25 A. M.
3d Brigh'n "	3:05 P. M.	5:00 P. M.
Mail,	5:25 P. M.	7:05 P. M.
1st Express,	1:20 A. M.	2:25 A. M.
2d Express,	2:00 P. M.	3:05 P. M.
Cincin'ti Exp.	6:45 P. M.	7:50 P. M.

GOING WEST—

	Leaves Pitts.	Arr. at Rochester.
Crossline Accom.	9:00 A. M.	10:26 A. M.
1st Brigh'n Accom.	12:50 P. M.	1:32 P. M.
2d Brigh'n "	4:35 P. M.	6:14 P. M.
3d "	6:00 P. M.	8:00 P. M.
Mail,	7:00 A. M.	8:20 A. M.
1st Express,	1:00 A. M.	2:10 A. M.
2d Express,	12:40 P. M.	1:50 P. M.

AUG. BRADLEY, Supt., E. D.

Quarterly Statement of Bank of Beaver County.

NEW BRIGHTON, Aug. 5, 1863.

RESOURCES.

Notes and bills discounted, active	$57,409	02
Same under protest	100	00
U. S. 5-20 6 per cent. coupon bonds.	82,300	00
U. S. 7 3-10 per cent. treas. notes.	4,850	00
Due from other banks	287	75
Notes and checks of other banks and U. S. Treasury notes	51,212	16
Coin in vault	5,840	83
Furniture and office fixtures	1,958	95
Current expenses	460	88
Protest account	141	
	$204,420	50

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	$ 91,476	00
Notes in circulation	1,595	00
Due depositors	101,479	69
Due the Commonwealth	2,152	42
Profits and earnings	1,602	81
Dividends unpaid	1,114	75
Bills payable	5,000	00
	$204,420	50

I certify that the above statement is true and correct according to the best of my knowledge and belief. EDWARD HOOPS, Cash'r.

Affirmed and subscribed before me, this 6th day of August, A. D. 1863.

J. R. MARTIN, J. P.

A JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing certain Amendments TO THE CONSTITUTION

BE it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following amendments be proposed to the Constitution of the Commonwealth, in accordance with the provisions of the tenth article thereof:

There shall be an additional section to the third article of the Constitution, to be designated as section four, as follows:

Sec. 4. Whenever any of the qualified electors of this Commonwealth shall be in any actual military service, under a requisition from the President of the United States, or by the authority of this Commonwealth, such electors may exercise the right of suffrage in all elections by the citizens, under such regulations as are, or shall be, prescribed by law, as fully as if they were present at their usual place of election.

There shall be two additional sections to the eleventh article of the Constitution, to be designated as sections eight and nine, as follows:

Sec. 8. No bill shall be passed by the Legislature, containing more than one subject, which shall be clearly expressed in the title, except appropriation bills.

Sec. 9. No bill shall be passed by the Legislature granting any powers or privileges, in any case where the authority to grant such powers or privileges has been, or may hereafter be, conferred upon the courts of this Commonwealth.

JOHN CESSNA,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.

JOHN P. PENNEY,
Speaker of the Senate.

Office of the Sec'y of the Commonwealth,
HARRISBURG, July 1, 1863.

PENNSYLVANIA, ss:

I do hereby certify that the foregoing annexed is a full, true and correct copy of the original joint Resolution of the General Assembly, entitled "A joint Resolution proposing certain amendments to the Constitution," as the same remains on file in this office.

[L. S.]

In Testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand, and caused the seal of the Secretary's office to be affixed, the day and year above written.

ELI SLIFER,
Sec'y of the Commonwealth.

aug5

U. S. INTERNAL REVENUE.

Annual Assessment for 1863.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Annual Assessment of Income and other National Taxes, for the 24th Collection District of Pennsylvania, as registered in the books of the Assistant Assessors, will be open for the inspection of all persons who may wish to examine their own lists for the space of fifteen days from and after the 15th day of September, 1863, at the following places, to wit:

Division No. 1 at the office of Wm. Stuart, Mt. Jackson, Lawrence co.

Division No. 2, at the office of T. J. Alford, Princeton, Lawrence co.

Division No. 3, at the office of G. W. Hamilton, Beaver, Beaver co.

Division No. 4, at the office of Eli Reno, New Brighton, Beaver co.

Division No. 5, at the office of William R. Trimble, Hookstown, Beaver co.

Division No. 6, at the office of D. P. Cooke, Cross Creek, Washington co.

Division No. 7, at the office of Jos. C. Ruple, Washington, Washington co.

Division No. 8, at the office of J. M. Taylor, East Bethlehem, Washington co.

Division No. 9, at the office of Jacob Bush, Jefferson, Greene co.

Division No. 10, at the office of Simon Bineheart, Waynesburg, Greene co.

Division No. 11, at the office of Hiram Smith, White Cottage, Greene co.

Notice is further given that after the expiration of said fifteen days, appeals will be held as follows:

Washington, Pa., Oct. 1, 2 and 3, 1863;
Waynesburg, Pa., Oct. 5, 6 and 7, 1863;
Beaver, Pa., Oct. 10, 12 and 13, 1863;
New Castle, Pa., Oct. 15, 16 and 17, 1863.

All Appeals must be in writing, and must state the particular cause, matter or thing respecting which a decision is requested, and shall moreover state the ground or principle of inequality complained of.

SAM'L DAVENPORT,
Assessor's Office, Beaver, Sept. 5, '63. } Ass't 24th District.

FORTUNE'S COLUMN!

BEAUTIFUL

NEW GOODS!

SPLENDID

New Goods!

MAGNIFICENT

NEW GOODS!!

AT

FORTUNE'S NEW STORE,

IN

ROCHESTER, PA.

JUST OPENED,

POPLINS,

Brocades,

REPS, COBURGS.

SHEPARD'S PLAIDS,

DELAINES,

AND A FULL LINE OF

DRESS GOODS,

At Prices to suit the times.

Good fast color prints at.....15

" " " 18½

Best " " 20 cents, worth...25

Brown and Bleached Muslin at.....18½

4-4 " " " 25

1 Bale heavy Sheeting, very cheap.

Balmoral and Hoop Skirts,

LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S

SHOES,

PLAIN FLANNELS

Barred and Plain Heavy Flannels

FOR ARMY USE

HEAVY COUNTRY FLANNEL,

CHECKS, GINGHAMS,

TICKS, SATINETS,

JEANS,

AND A LARGE DOT OF

CASSIMERES,

FOR

MEN and BOYS' WEAR,

cheaper than ever.

Bonnets, Hats

Flowers, Ruches and Ribbons,

Just opened for the coming Season, in Great Variety.

Come Ecer for Good Bargains

REMEMBER THE PLACE:

FORTUNE'S NEW STORE,

(Above the Post Office,)

ROCHESTER,

BEAVER COUNTY, PENN'A.

September 22d, 1863.—3m

A NIW FEATURE

IN MARBLE WORK

THE subscriber has purchased from the Patentee the right to use in this county, a new and beautiful invention for protecting LIKENESSES IN TOMB-STONES and is now prepared to furnish

Monuments or Head-Stones,

with this useful improvement at exceedingly low prices.

THE SHIELD

serves to screen and protect the picture of the deceased, and becomes a neat and appropriate ornament to the stone. Pictures are put in AIR-TIGHT CASES, and are made to preserve their original beauty and expression for many years.

All kinds of marble work, military designs, etc, executed on short notice.

W. H. MARSHALL,
may6 Rochester Marble Works.

For Rats, Mice, Roaches, Ants, Bed Bugs, Moths in Furs, Woollens, &c. Insects on Plants, Fowls, Animals. &c.

Put up in 25c. 5c. and $1 Boxes, Bottles and Flasks, $3 and $5 sizes for Hotels, Public Institutions, &c.

"Only infallible remedies known."
"Free from Poisons."
"Not dangerous to the Human Family."
"Rats come out of their holes to die."

Sold Wholesale in all large cities.
Sold by all Druggists and Retailers.
Beware of all worthless imitations.
See that "Costar's" name is on each Box, Bottle and Flask, before you buy.
Address HENRY R. COSTAR,
Principal Depot, 482 Broadway, N. Y.
Sold by C. P. CUMMINS & SON,
Wholesale and Retail Agents,
may1363 Beaver, Pa.

Beaver Seminary.

S. B. MERCER, Superintendent.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

Rev. D. H. A. M'LEAN, D. D.
" D. A. CUNNINGHAM.
" C. P. CUMMINS, M. D.

THE FALL TERM of fourteen weeks opens on TUESDAY, the first day of September.

Rates per term for board and furnished Room.....$40 00

For full particulars address
S. B. MERCER, Beaver, Pa.

aug12:tf

HOOKSTOWN SELECT SCHOOL,

Mathematics, Sciences and Languages,

Taught on the most favorable terms.

Address D. W. SCOTT, *Principal.*

MILLINERY AND DRESS-MAKING.

MRS. Z. MOORE announces to the public that she has removed a few rods from her late residence, where she intends continuing the MILLINERY & DRESS-MAKING business, in all its various branches. She has lately received a well selected stock of MILLINERY GOODS, to which she invites the attention of her customers. A continuance of the patronage heretofore liberally bestowed, is respectfully solicited.

Beaver, Sept. 20, '63.—4w.

GLORIOUS NEWS!!

Not from the Army but from the Town of Beaver.

New Shoe Store.

THE subscriber would respectfully inform the citizens of Beaver County that, in addition to his well selected stock of CLOTHING, HATS, CAPS and GENTLEMENS FURNISHING GOODS, he has lately purchased a well selected stock of BOOTS and SHOES of every kind and variety. My stock is the largest ever brought to the county, and I am determined to sell "cheaper than the cheapest". Mind the sign of the "Big Hat."

Sept. 6, '63. I. N. ATKINS.

A NEW AND BEAUTIFUL EDITION OF THE MISTAKES OF EDUCATED MEN.

BY JOHN S. HART, LL. D.,

12MO., muslin, price 50 cents; paper covers, 25 cents. Copies of this book will be sent by mail on receipt of the price, in postage stamps. Pleas address

J. C. GARRIGUES, Publisher,
148 South Fourth street, Phil'a., Pa.

mar26.

"The Union,"

Arch Street above Third,
PHILADELPHIA, PA.

Upton S. Newcomer, Prop'r.

THIS Hotel is central. Convenient by Passenger Railway Cars to all parts of the City, and in every particular adapted to the comfort and wants of the Travelling Public

TERMS, $1,50 PER DAY.

JESSE JOHNSON,

General Commission Merchant

AND

Dealer in Flour, Grain, and all kinds of Country Produce, Wines and Liquors, Cigars, Tobacco, &c.

Office and Warehouse, No 237 South 2d street

Philadelphia.

Liberal advances made on consignmen aug 28.

JOHN B. WILLIAMS, BARBER & HAIR-DRESSER.

(Shop one door east of Proudley's Hotel,)

BRIDGEWATER, PENN'A.

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS

THE combination of ingredients in these Pills are the result of a long and extensive practice. They are mild in their operation, but certain in correcting all irregularities, painful menstruations, removing all obstructions, whether from cold or otherwise, headache, pain in the side, palpitation of the heart, whites, all nervous affections, fatigue, hysterics, pain in the back and limbs, etc., disturbed sleep, which arise from interruption of nature.

Dr. Cheeseman's Pills

was the commencement of a new era in the treatment of those irregularities and obstructions which have consigned so many to a PREMATURE GRAVE. No female can enjoy good health unless she is regular, and whenever an obstruction takes place the general health begins to decline.

Dr. Cheeseman's Pills

is the most effectual remedy known for all complaints peculiar to Females. To all class ses they are invaluable, *inducing, with certainty, periodical regularity.* They are known to thousands, who have used them at different periods, throughout the country, having the sanction of some of the most eminent Physicians in America.

Explicit directions, stating when they should not be used, with each Box—the Price One Dollar per Box, containing from 50 to 60 Pills.

Pills *sent by mail, promptly,* by remitting to the Proprietor. Dr. Smith of Bridgewater sole agent for this County.

R. B. HUTCHINGS, Proprietor.
jan14'63:1y 20 Cedar St., New York.

EXECUTORS NOTICE.

WHEREAS letters testamentary having been granted to the undersigned, on the estate of JOSEPH TAYLOR, dec'd., late of Chippwa tp., Beaver county, Pa., all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make payment immediately and those having claims against the same will present them to the subscriber duly authenticated for settlement.

JONATHAN TAYLOR, Chippewa tp.
ANDREW TAYLOR, Hanover tp.
Aug. 26, '63. Executors.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

WHEREAS letters testamentary on the estate of DAVID STEPHENS, late of Hanover tp., Beaver co., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against said estate will present them to the subscriber properly authenticated for settlement.

THO. NICHOLSON,
ROBERT STEPHENS,
aug2 Executors

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS testamentary on the estate of JANE MILLER, late of Darlington township, Beaver County, Penn'a dec'd having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN D. VAUGHEN, Darlington tp.
may6'62 Executor

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

WHEREAS letters testamentary on the estate of ALEXANDER GRIER, late of Hookstown, Beaver county, dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

jy29 R. A. MOON, Execu'r.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration, late of Moon township, Beaver county, Pa., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to made immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN SHAFER, Hopewell tp.,
sept.9'63-t. Administrator.

ADMINISTRATRIX NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration having been granted to the undersigned, residing in Economy township, Beaver county, on the estate of James Logan, late of said township and county, dec'd, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them for settlement without delay. SALLIE LOGAN, Adm'x.

jy29:6t.

State Normal School.

EDINBORO, ERIE CO., PA.

THE buildings are new, heat and convenient; good Libraries, Reading Room and Apparatus; Instruction thorough and practical.

Tuition per term of fourteen weeks, $4,00; Board $2,25 per week; $36,50 pays the whole term's expense, including the use of text books.

The Fall term opens August 18, 1863.

Send for Circular.

J. A. COOPER, A. M., Principal.

aug5:3m

A Gentleman cured of Nervous Debility, Incompetency, Premature Decay and Youthful Error, actuated by a desire to benefit others, will be happy to furnish to all who need it (free of charge) the receipt and directions for making the simple Remedy used in his case. Those wishing to profit by his experience and possess a Valuable Remedy—will receive the same, by return mail, (carefully sealed,) by addressing JOHN B. OGDEN,

No 60 Nassau Street, New York.

aug12:3m

Dissolution.

THE partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the name of CAMPBELL & LEHMER, in the Foundry Business, in Bridgewater, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent.

The business of the firm will be settled by T. CAMPBELL, who will be found at the Foundry.

THOS. CAMPBELL,
Sept. 16, 1863. JNO. S. LEHMER.

Correspondence Wanted,

FOUR of Uncle Sam's nephews desire a Correspondence with as many young ladies between the ages of 16 and 22 in view of having some fun, making lots of friends among the fair, or whatever the result may be, and thereby make camp life agreeable.

ADDRESS—"WILLIAM H. HARRISON," "BYRON FITZERALD," "DAVY CROCKER" or "JOHN C. HEENAN."

Co. H, 13th Reg. or I, 2d Brig. 3d Div. 21st Army Corps, Mc'Minnersville, Tenn.

Correspondence Wanted,

TWO young men who have been serving their Country between one and two years, desire to open a correspondence with two or more "fair daughters of Beaver county," with a view to mutual improvement. Letters, or letters with "Carte de Visite," will be answered immediately.

Address "Albert Montcalm," or "Guy Westley,"

3d Brigade, 1st Div. 2d A. C.
Washington, D. C.

Will any of the "fair daughters of Beaver county" answer?

THE SOLDIER'S TRUE FRIEND!

ALWAYS READY.

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT.

LONG marches, sore and stiff joints, blistered and inflamed feet, all these the soldier must endure. MOTHERS, REMEMBER THIS, when your sons are grasping their muskets to meet danger, think what relief a pot of this ALL HEALING & COOLING Salves will give to the one you love when far away from home and friends. It hardens and makes tough the feet so that they can endure great fatigue. It soothes and relieves the inflamed and stiffened joints, leaving them supple, strong and vigorous, while for

SABRE CUTS AND GUNSHOT WOUNDS

at stands unequalled, removing and preventing every vestige of inflammation and gently drawing the edges together; it quickly and completely heals the most frightly wounds.

WIVES AND SISTERS OF OUR VOLUNTEERS

Yo cannot put into the Knapsacks of your Husbands and Brothers, a more valuable o more necessary gift than a supply of this

EXTRAORDINARY MILITARY SALVE.

The lonely sentry walking his ronuds at night, exposed to drenching rains and chill night air, is often seized the most VIOLENT PAINS, COUGHS and SUFFOCATING HOARSNESS, first symptoms of QUICK CONSUMPTION, but if supplied with HOLLOWAY'S PILLS and HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT, all danger is averted, a few Pills taken night and morning, and the ointment briskly rubbed twice a day over the throat and chest will remove the SEVEREST PAINS and stop the most distressing or DANGEROUS COUGH Thefore we say to the whole army,

SOLDIERS ATTENTION!!

See to your own health, do not trust to the Army supplies although most valuable. These PILLS and OINTMENT have been thoroughly tested, they are the only remedies used in the European Camps and Barracks, for over forty years Doctor Holloway has supplied all the armies in Europe and during the CRIMEAN CAMPAIGN he established a depot at Balaclava, for the exclusive sale of these GREAT REMEDIES, many a time his special Agent there has sold over a ton in weight of the Ointment in a single day. These terrible and fatal enemies of the Soldier in Camp,

DIARRHEA, DYSENTERY, SCURVY, SORES and SCROFULOUS ERUPTIONS, all disappear like a charm before these PILLS AND OINTMENT, and now while the Cry rings throughout the land,

TO ARMS! TO ARMS!!

Do not let these brave men perish by discase, place in their hands these PRECIOUS REMEDIES, that will enable them to resist the dangerous exposures, the Fevers, the Chills, and the wounds which they cannot avoid, and what is more, cannot frequently get succor in the moment of need, whereas if our brave men have only to put their hands into their Knapsacks and find there a sure remedy for all the casualties of the battle field. How many thousands of lives would thus be saved who would otherwise perish before relief could be obtained.

CAUTION.—None are genuine unless the words "*Holloway, New York and London,*" are discernable as a water-mark in every leaf of the book of directions around each pot or box; the same may be plainly seen by *holding the leaf to the light.* A handsome reward will be given to any one rendering such information as may lead to the detection of any party or parties counterfeiting the medicines or vending the same, knowing them to be spurious.

*** Sold at the Manufactory of Professor HOLLOWAY, 80 Maiden Lane, New York, and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines, throughout the civilized world, in boxes at 25 cents, 62 cents and $1 each.

There is considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each box.

May 7.

TO PHYSICIANS & DRUGGISTS

THE undersigned would inform Physicians and Druggists that, owing to an increasing demand, he is now prepared to manufacture on a larger scale than heretofore all articles of the Pharmacopœia. These will be of the strength and quality as dispensed in the Prescription Department of my store, and will have my guarantee as to strength and purity.

Some preparations offered are new, but will be made official in the new Pharmacopœia soon to be issued, and will be found to be valuable remedies.

Any information as regards their strength, uses and qualities will be sent to those desiring it.

I would advise Physicins who have been disappointed in the effect of any remedy, to try those of my manufacture.

They include—

Compound Extract of Colocynth,
Fluid Extracts of Dandelion, Buchu, Ergot, Gentian, Lipulin Valerian, Wild Cherry Bark, and others,
Citrate of Irod and Citrate of Iron and Quinine very soluble,
Wine of Iron and Wine of Iron and Bark, agreeable; chalybeates,
Syrup of the Hypophosphites,
Cerate of the Extract of Cantharides; a more reliable preparation than the common Cerate,
Oxalate of Cerium; useful in obstinate vomiting,
Elixir of Valerianate of Ammonia; a valuable remedy for nervous or sick headache, where a nervous stimulant and antacid is indicated,
Solution of Bi-meconate of Morphia: same strength as Laudanum and more agreeable in its effects,
Pyro-phosphate of Iron; soluble.

These, together with all rare and fine chemicals and other medicinal articles, furnished in any quantities.

I am prepared to make chemical examinations of Ores, Drugs, Oils, Waters, &c.

GEO. W. WEYMAN,
Cor. 3d & Smithfield sts., Pittsburgh, Pa.

THE GREAT CAUSE OF Human Misery.

Just Published in a Sealed Envelope; Price 6 cts:

A LECTURE BY DR. CULVERWELL, ON THE CAUSE AND CURE of Spermatorrhœa, Consumption, Mental and Physical Debility, Nervousness, Epilepsy; Impaired Nutrition of the Body; Lassitude; Weakness of the Limbs and the Back; Indisposition, and Incapacity for study and Labor; Dullness of Apprehension; Loss of Memory; Aversion to Society; Love of Solitude; Timidity; Self-Distrust; Dizziness; Headache, Affections of the Eyes; Pimples on the Face; Involuntary Emissions, and Sexual Incapacity; the Consequences of youthful Indiscretion, &c., &c.,

This admirable Lecture clearly proves that the above enumerated, often self-afflicted evils, may be removed without medicine and without Dangerous surgical operations, and should be read by every youth and every man in the land.

Sent under seal, to any address, in a plain sealed envelope, on the receipt of six cents, or two postage stamps, by addressing,

CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO.
127 Bowery, New York, Post Office Box, 4586.

Confessions & Experience of an Invalid.

PUBLISHED for the benefit and as a warning and a caution to young men who suffer from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay &c., supplying at the same time the means of Self-Cure. By one who has cured himself after being put to great expense through medical imposition and quackery. By enclosing a post-paid addressed envelopes, single copies may be had of the author, NATHANIEL MAYFAIR, Esq., Bedford, Kings Co., N. Y.

mar26:1y.

"VANITY FAIR."

"This is the first really clever comic and satirical journal we have had in America—and really clever it is. It is both sharp and good-tempered, and not afraid to say that it has a soul. Our readers will be glad to know where they can find native fun that has something better in it than mere *patois.*"—*Atlantic Monthly.*

"This paper is excellent. . . . Remarkable for originality."—*N. Y. Traveller.*

"VANITY FAIR is conducted by a vivacious, witty and intelligent corps of journalists."—*Litchfield (Conn.) Enquirer.*

"Will wield as potent an influence as that of the London *Punch*."—*Boston Traveller.*

"Whosoever finds himself laughing at the wit of VANITY FAIR, and does not return a *quid pro quo*, is fit for treason, and spoils."—*N. Y. Crayon.*

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This paper is Electrotyped, and numbers may be procured at any time.

LOUIS H. STEPHENS,
Publisher for the Proprietors, 113 Nassau-st.
New-York.

Office of JAY COOKE,

SUBSCRIPTION AGENT,
At JAY COOKE & O., Bankers,
140 SOUTH THIRD STREET,
Philadelphia, Nov. 1, 1862.

THE undersigned, having been appointed SUBSCRIPTION AGENT by the Secretary of the Treasury, is now prepared to furnish, at once, the

New Twenty Year 6 per ct. Bonds

of the United States, designated as "Five-Twenties," redeemable at the pleasure of the Government, after five years, and authorized by Act of Congress, approved February 25, 1862.

The COUPON BONDS are issued in sums of $50, $100, $500, $1000.

The REGISTER BONDS in sums of $50 $100, $500, $1000 and $5000.

Interest at Six per cent. per annum will commence from date of purchase, and is

PAYABLE IN GOLD,

Semi-Annually, which is equal, at the present premium on gold, to about EIGHT PER CENT. PER ANNUM.

Farmers, Merchants, Mechanics, Capitalists, and all who have any money to invest, should know and remember that these Bonds are, in effect, a FIRST MORTGAGE upon all Railroads, Canals, Bank Stocks and Securities, and the immense products of all the Manufactures, &c., &c., in the country: and the full and ample provision made for the payment of the interest and liquidation of principal, by Customs Duties, Excise Stamps and Internal Revenue, serves to make these Bonds the *Best, Most Available and Most Popular Investment in the Market.*

Subscriptions received at PAR in Legal Tender and explanation will be afforded on application at this office.

A full supply of Bonds will be kept on hand for immediate delivery.

JAY COOKE, Subscription Agent.

JAMES S. RUTAN, ATTORNEY AT LAW

(DISTRICT ATTORNEY.)

BEAVER, PENN'A.

Office in the Court House.

ALL claims against the Government for back pay, bounty and pensions, prosecuted to collection with the least possible delay.

dec8'62

NOTICE.

THE stockholders of the Beaver Seminary and Institute are hereby notified that the annual election of Trustees will be held in the Seminary building, on Saturday, the 3d day of October, at 3 o'clock, p. m.—Stockholders will please attend.

J. MONROE,
Sept 29, '63. Pres't of Board.

NEW

MILLINERY AND MANTUA-MAKING ESTABLISHMENT,

BROADWAY, NEW BRIGHTON, PA.,

(Four Doors below Dr. Sargent's Drug Store.

may7.62—1y. MRS & MISS RENO.

Special Notice.

THE Proprietors of the Girard House Philadelphia would respectfully call the attention of business men and the travelling community to the superior accommodation and comfort offered in their establishment.

aug.19:2m

KANAGA, FOWLER, & Co.

Sterling House,

No. 107 Second Street

(BETWEEN WOOD AND MARKET)

PITTSBURG, PENN'A.

BOARDING BY THE MEAL, DAY OR WEEK

Terms Very Moderate.

$50 Reward.

I will give the above reward for the arrest and conviction of any person found trespassing or doing malicious mischief on my property, adjoining the farm of Abram Wolf and lot of John Fisher, near the boro. of Beaver. DAVID STONER.

Jan. 28, '63.

PITTSBURG WATER CURE.

NO Curative Agency is superior to HYDROPATHY for the treatment of all forms of Diseases, and no Institution in this country possesses greater facilities for its administration than this.

For Pictorial Circular address
DR. W. N. HAMBLETON,
Pittsburg, Pa.

Do You Want Employment.

I OFFER a pleasant business for the Spring and Summer, with large profits. Send for my new circular, containing full information.

Address GEO. EDW'D SEABS,
mar16. 161 William St., N. Y.

MAYORS OF THE Great Cities,

We, the undersigned Mayors, hereby certify that the Druggists, Apothecaries, and Physicians of our several cities have signed a document of assurance to us that AYER'S SARSAPARILLA has been found to be a remedy of great excellence, and worthy the confidence of the community.

HON. JAMES COOK,
Mayor of LOWELL, MASS.

HON. ALBIN BEARD,
Mayor of NASHUA, N. H.

HON. E. W. HARRINGTON,
Mayor of MANCHESTER, N. H.

HON. JOHN ABBOTT,
Mayor of CONCORD, N. H.

HON. A. H. BULLOCK,
Mayor of WORCESTER, MASS.

HON. NATH'L SILSBEE,
Mayor of SALEM, MASS.

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Mayor of BOSTON, MASS.

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Mayor of PROVIDENCE, R. I.

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Mayor of NEW LONDON, CONN.

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Mayor of MONTREAL, C. E.

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Mayor of NEW YORK CITY.

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Mayor of RIO JANEIRO, BRAZIL.

Certify that the resident Druggists have assured them

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

Is an excellent remedy, and worthy the confidence of the community.

For Spring Diseases.
For Purifying the Blood.
For Scrofula or King's Evil.
For Tumors, Ulcers, and Sores.
For Eruptions and Pimples.
For Blotches, Blains, and Boils.
For St. Anthony's Fire, Rose, or Erysipelas.
For Tetter or Salt Rheum.
For Scald Head and Ringworm.
For Cancer and Cancerous Sores.
For Sore Eyes, Sore Ears, and Humors.
For Female Diseases.
For Suppression and Irregularity.
For Syphilis or Venereal Diseases.
For Liver Complaints.
For Diseases of the Heart.

The Mayors of the chief cities of the United States, Canadas, and British Provinces, Chili, Peru, Brazil, Mexico, and in fact almost all the cities on this continent, have signed this document, to assure their people what remedies they may use with safety and confidence. But our space will only admit a portion of them.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,
Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,
Ayer's Pills, and
Ayer's Ague Cure,

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,
LOWELL, MASS.

And sold by Druggists every where.

Beaver Academy.

THE [illegible] term opens on the first day of [illegible] April next.

[illegible]

apr14-4

"VANITY FAIR."

"It is the first really clever comic and satirical journal we have had in America—and really clever it is. It is both sharp and good-tempered, and not afraid to say that its soul is its own—which shows that it has a soul. Our readers will be glad to know where they can find native fun that has something better in it than mere *paper!*"—*Atlantic Monthly.*

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LOUIS H. STEPHENS,
Publisher for the Proprietors, 113 Nassau-st.
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Office of JAY COOKE,

SUBSCRIPTION AGENT,

At JAY COOKE & Co.'s Bankers,
114 SOUTH THIRD STREET,
Philadelphia, Nov. 1, 1862.

THE undersigned, having been appointed SUBSCRIPTION AGENT by the Secretary of the Treasury, is now prepared to furnish, at once, the

New Twenty Year 6 per ct Bonds.

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Semi-Annually, which is equal, at the present premium on gold, to about EIGHT PER CENT. PER ANNUM.

Farmers, Merchants, Mechanics, Capitalists, and all who have any money to invest, should remember and remember that these Bonds are, in effect, a FIRST MORTGAGE upon all Railroad, Canal, Bank Stocks and Securities, and the immense forests of all the Manufacturing establishments made for the payment of interest and liquidation of principal. By the Act of Congress, Excise Stamps and Internal Revenue Taxes make these Bonds the *Most Profitable and Most Popular Investment in the Market.*

Subscriptions by mail will receive prompt attention, and every facility [illegible] will be afforded on application.

A supply of Bonds will be kept on hand for sale.

JAY COOKE, Subscription Agent.

Notice.

[illegible] unsettled account [illegible] Collins, within the [illegible] Carding, Spinning, &c., [illegible] at the Baltimore Woolen Factory, [illegible] October, 1862, and settle [illegible]

EDWIN M. SMITH

For Sale at the Beaver Drug Store

WATKINS' COAL OIL LAMPS—THE LITTLE GIANTS—

[illegible] Lamps, a [illegible] Carbon Oil Lamps and [illegible] For sale at Drug Store of C. P. CUMMINS.

Gun Powder, Young Hyson and Black Tea, Coffee, Extracts, Spices, Pepper, Cloves, Cinnamon, Nutmegs, Ginger, Mace, Allspice, Cream Tartar, Soda, Saleratus, Syrups, very cheap, Sugar, Lemons, hand scrubbing brushes, &c.

Zante currants and Raisins for sale at C P Cummins' Drug Store.

CRITTENDEN'S
PHILADELPHIA COMMERCIAL
COLLEGE,

N. E. corner of 7th & Chestnut St.,
PHILADELPHIA, PA.

THIS Institution, which was established in 1844, and is now consequently in its eighteenth year of its existence, numbers among its graduates hundreds of the most successful Merchants and Business Men of our Country.

The object of the Institution is solely to afford young men facilities for thorough preparation for business.

The branches taught are, Book-keeping, as applicable to the various departments of trade; Penmanship, both plain and ornamental; Commercial Law, Mathematics, Navigation, Civil Engineering, Surveying, Phonography, and Modern Languages.

The system of instruction is peculiar; no classes or recitations are made use of, but each student is taught individually, so that he may commence at any time, and attend at whatever hours are most convenient.

Catalogues are issued annually after the 15th of April, containing names of the students for the year, and full particulars of terms, &c., and may be obtained at any time by addressing the Principal.

The extensive accommodations, wide-spread reputation, and the lengthy experience of the Principal, this Institution offers facilities superior to any other in the country, for young men wishing to prepare for business, and to obtain at the same time a SUPERIOR [illegible] will prove a recommendation for them to any Mercantile House.

☞ CRITTENDEN'S Series of Treatises on Book-Keeping, now more widely circulated than any other work on the subject, are for sale at the College.

S. HODGES CRITTENDEN,
Attorney-at-Law,
PRINCIPAL.

May 7.

BY two young soldiers, of passable appearance and manners; who are tired of the dull monotony of Camp life, with an equal number of "Union Loving Ladies" with a view to friendship and its result.

ADDRESS—"FRED ARNOLD," and "GEORGE GRAY,"

160th Reg. Penn'a. Vols.

GERMANTOWN TELEGRAPH.

A Family and an Agricultural Journal,

DEVOTED TO

CHOICE LITERATURE,

INCLUDING

Poetry, Novelettes, Tales,

AND MORAL AND ENTERTAINING READING GENERALLY.

In the Literary Department we shall present the choicest varieties within the reach of our extended means. The Novelettes, Tales, Poetry, &c., shall be supplied from the best and highest sources, and be equal to anything to be found in any journal or magazine.

Agriculture and Horticulture,

EMBRACING

Farming, Gardening, Fruit-Raising, &c.

In all their branches, as conducted on the latest and most approved system.

Our labors in this department for over thirty years, have met the cordial approbation of the public. Our purpose has been to furnish useful and reliable information upon these very important branches of industry, and to protect them so far as within our power against the false doctrines and selfish purposes of the many empires and sensation-adventurers by which the Farmer is incessantly assailed. This portion of the *Germantown Telegraph* will alone be worth the whole price of subscription, as every Farmer and Gardener, who has a proper conception of his calling, will readily admit.

NEWS DEPARTMENT.

The same industry, care, and discrimination, in gathering and preparing the Stirring Events of the Day, expressly for this paper, which hitherto has been one of its marked features and given so universal satisfaction, will be continued with redoubled efforts to meet the increasing demands of the public. The labor required in this department is never fully appreciated by the reader. It would be impossible, to present, the condensed and carefully made-up form in which it appears, a corrected mass of all the most interesting news of the week, without involving much physical labor, tact and judgment.

We annex the *cash terms*, to which we beg leave to call attention of all who think of subscribing for a newspaper:

Advance Cash Terms.

One copy, one year, $2; one copy, three years, $5,00; Three copies, one year, $5,00; Five Copies, One Year, $8,00; Ten Copies, One Year, $15,00; Twenty Copies, One Year, $28,00.

☞ Subscription not paid within the year, $2,50.

☞ A Club of five subscribers, at $8, will entitle the person getting it up to a copy for six months; a Club of ten or more, to a copy for one year. All Club subscriptions stopped at the end of the time paid for, unless re-ordered.

☞ No order will receive attention unless accompanied with the cash.

☞ Specimen numbers sent to applicants.

PHILIP R. FREAS,
Editor and Proprietor.

Germantown, Philadelphia, Oct. 22, '62.

H. B. ANDERSON,

DEALER IN

DRY GOODS & GROCERIES.

THE LATEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE Styles of DRESS GOODS kept [illegible] Beaver, January 14th, 1863.

COLLOCK'S
Dandelion Coffee

THIS preparation, made from the best Java [illegible] recommended by physicians as a superior NUTRITIOUS BEVERAGE for General Debility, Dyspepsia and all Liver disorders. Thousands who have been compelled to abandon the use of coffee, will use this without injurious effects. One can contains the strength of two cans of ordinary coffee. Price 25 cents.

KOLLOCK'S CREAM

The purest and best RAISING POWDER known for making light, sweet and nutritious bread and cakes. Price 15 cents.

Manufactured by

M. H. KOLLOCK, Chemist,
Corner of Broad and Chestnut streets,
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And sold by all Druggists and Grocers.

TO COUNTRY DEALERS.

Stock, Bar and Stationers at Wholesale.

The subscriber has always on hand Cornell's & M Guffey's Speller & Readers, Bay's, Arithmetics, Stoddard's Arithmetic, Pinnock's Grammars, Bibles, Testaments, Letter Cap and Commercial Note-papers, Envelopes, Blank Books, Pass-Books, Steel Pens and Holders, Copy Books, Slates, Inkstands, Bonnet Boards, &c., &c. Usual discount for cash. Goods packed and delivered to any part of the city.

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WILSON, M'ELROY & CO.,

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OFFER THEIR STOCK FOR THE

SPRING OF 1863,

AT THE LOWEST MARKET PRICE.

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CONSCRIPTION ACT.—The U. S. Conscription Law, or National Militia Act of 1863, official and complete, in pamphlet form. Also information embracing the only honorable and lawful way of escaping the coming draft; both sent (post-paid) to one address upon receipt of $1,00 by the Agent.

H. W. HARPER,
Box 1334, Pittsburg, Pa.

Correspondence Wanted,

TWO young men who have been serving their Country between one and two years, desire to open a correspondence with two or more fair daughters of Beaver county," with a view to mutual improvement. Letters, or letters with "Carte de Visite," will be answered immediately.

Address "Albert Montcalm," or "Guy Westley,"

2d Brigade, 1st Div. 2d A. C.
Washington, D. C.

Will any of the "fair daughters of Beaver county" answer?

PROF. WOOD'S RESTORATIVE CORDIAL and Blood Renovator, the genuine article for sale at the Drug Store of

DR. C. P. CUMMINS.

TO PHYSICIANS & DRUGGISTS.

THE undersigned would inform Physicians and Druggists that, owing to an increasing demand, he is now prepared to manufacture on a larger scale than heretofore all articles of the Pharmacopœia. These will be of the strength and quality as dispensed in the Prescription Department of my store, and will be found superior in strength to most in market. I guarantee them to be of the proper strength and purity.

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They include—

Compound Extract of Colocynth,
Fluid Extracts of Dandelion, Buchu, Ergot, Gentian, Lipulin Valerian, Wild Cherry Bark, and others,
Citrate of Irod and Citrate of Iron and Quinine; very soluble,
Wine of Iron and Wine of Iron and Bark, agreeable; chalybeates,
Syrup of the Hypophosphites,
Cerate of the Extract of Cantharides: a more reliable preparation than the common Cerate,
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Elixir of Valerianate of Ammonia; a valuable remedy for nervous or sick headache, where a nervous stimulant and antacid is indicated,
Solution of Bi-meconate of Morphia: same strength as Laudanum and more agreeable in its effects,
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These, together with all rare and fine chemicals and other medicinal articles, furnished in any quantities.

I am prepared to make chemical examinations of Ores, Drugs, Oils, Waters, &c.

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AN ASYLUM FOR THE RECEPTION, CURE AND TREATMENT OF MENTAL ALIENATION OR DISORDER.

And Other Nervous and Chronic Diseases.

EXCLUSIVELY FOR FEMALES.

THIS institution is now open for the reception, care, and treatment of the *independent class* of patients who are laboring under mental derangement; or other nervous and chronic disease. We make special mention of nervous and chronic diseases, from the fact that seven tenths of the female patients that are committed to our public Asylums, to be treated for disordered minds, are reduced to that lamentable condition through previous physical disorder. By a well timed and judicious treatment of chronic and nervous diseases, all physical disorders, in the majority of cases may be removed; and thus the mind, having suffered through the medium of the body will when free from the exciting physical cause, throw off the shackles that has bound it to worse than midnight darkness, and reason will, once more, resume its sway, clothed in all its primitive beauty and wonted excellence. Hence the necessity of all those, who are laboring under the predisposing or exciting causes, calculated in the end to impair the mind to resort to an early and judicious course of remedial agents.

The Institution is a large brick building with stone basement—four stories high and well ventilated. It is situated on an elevated table land, which commands a view of entire town—adjacent hills—groves and neighboring [illegible] calculated to amuse and afford recreation to the mind.

The Institution is complete in all of its appointments. Having been tastefully fitted up at great expense, in order that it may meet the approbation and views of the most fastidious.

The water closets and bathing apparatus have been gotten up upon the most approved modern scientific principles. This department embraces not only the ordinary baths but, also, the medicated, warm air and ascending and descending douche, for the more effectual and successful treatment of cutaneous and other scrofulous diseases.

We beg leave to say to all those who may be disposed to commit the interests of a dear wife, sister or daughter to our charge—may be assured that no means will be spared or efforts wanting on our part to ameliorate their condition or to effect a restoration to their [illegible] health and vigor of mind.

For further particulars send for a circular. All communications should be addressed to

E. KENRICK, M. D.
Supt. of New Brighton Retreat for the Insane,
New Brighton,
Beaver Co., Pa.

nov1-62.

BEAVER DRUG STORE

Opened in the Room formerly Occupied by the late Dr. Minis.

THE Subscriber, having purchased the Establishment will endeavor to keep constantly on hand all articles usually found in a Drug Store.

Being a Physician and Druggist, the public may rely on his keeping the PUREST and BEST DRUGS.

A variety of other articles will also be found in his establishment:

Tea, Extract of Coffee, Rosin, Soap, Fancy Soaps, Port Monies, Combs.

ALL ARTICLES FOR THE TOILET. SPOOL COTTON, LEAD PENCILS, NEEDLES, STEEL PENS, HAIR BRUSHES, TOOTH BRUSHES, TOBACCO, SEGARS, LETTER, NOTE, & FOOLSCAP PAPER.

Carbon Oil Lamps and Chimneys.

These are a few of the articles, and only a few always on hand. Call and see.

He will try, by close attention and fair dealing, to give satisfaction to all who may favor him with their custom.

C. P. CUMMINS, M. D.

☞ Particular attention will be paid to putting up Physicians prescriptions. [aug27

AMBROTYPES!!!

GOOD, SUBSTANTIAL, LIFE-LIKE PICTURES can now be had at the

COURT-HOUSE, IN BEAVER.

These pictures are not mere daubs, but warranted SUPERIOR to any that have ever been made in Beaver county, by any other artist. To be convinced, call and examine specimens. I will remain but a few weeks.

☞ Gallery in the same room occupied by me in 1857.

C. A. GRIFFIN.
Aor9 Photographic Artist.

Confessions & Experience of an Invalid.

PUBLISHED for the benefit and as a warning and a caution to young men who suffer from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, &c., supplying at the same time the means of Self-Cure. By one who has cured himself after being put to great expense through medical imposition and quackery. By enclosing a post-paid addressed envelopes, single copies may be had of the author, NATHANIEL MAYFAIR, Esq., Bedford, Kings Co., N. Y. [mch7y

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FRIENDS AND RELATIVES
OF THE
BRAVE SOLDIERS AND SAILORS.
HOLLOWAY'S PILLS
And Ointment.

ALL WHO have Friends and Relatives in the Army or Navy, should take especial care that they be amply supplied with those Pills and Ointment; and where the brave Soldiers and Sailors have neglected to provide themselves with them, no better present can be sent them by their friends. They have been proved to be the Soldier's never-failing friend in the hour of need.

COUGHS AND COLDS AFFECTING TROOPS

Will be speedily removed and effectually cured by using these admirable medicines, and by paying proper attention to the Directions which are attached to each Pot or Box.

SICK HEADACHES AND WANT OF APPETITE INCIDENTAL TO SOLDIERS.

These feelings which so sadden us, usually arise from trouble or annoyances, obstructed perspiration, or eating and drinking whatever is unwholesome, thus disturbing the healthful action of the liver and stomach. These organs must be relieved, if you desire to be well. The Pills, taking according to the printed instructions, will quickly a produce a healthy action in both liver and stomach, and as a natural consequence a clear head and good appetite.

WEAKNESS OR DEBILITY INDUCED BY OVER FATIGUE,

Will soon disappear by the use of these invaluable Pills, and the Soldier will quickly acquire additional strength. Never let the bowels be either confined or unduly acted upon. It may seem strange that Holloway's Pills should be recommended for Dysentery and Flux, many persons supposing that they would increase the relaxation. This is a great mistake, for these Pills will correct the liver and stomach and thus remove all the acrid humors from the system. This medicine will give tone and vigor to the whole organic system however deranged, while health and strength follow as a matter of course. Nothing will stop the relaxation of the Bowels so sure as this famous medicine.

VOLUNTEERS ATTENTION! INDISCRETIONS OF YOUTH!

Sores and Ulcers, Blotchings and Swellings, can with certainty be radically cured if the Pills are taken night and morning, and the ointment be freely used as stated in the printed instructions. If treated in any other manner they dry up in one part to break out in another. Wherein this Ointment will remove the humors from the system and leave the Patient a vigorous and healthy man. It will require a little perseverance in bad cases to insure a lasting cure.

FOR WOUNDS EITHER OCCASIONED BY THE BAYONET, OR SABRE OR THE BULLET, SORES OR BRUISES,

To which every Soldier and Sailor are liable there are no medicines so safe, sure and convenient as Holloway's Pills and ointment. The poor wounded and almost dying sufferer might have his wounds dressed immediately, if he would only provide himself with this matchless Ointment, which should be thrust into the wound and smeared all around it, then covered with a piece of linen from his knapsack, and compressed with a handkerchief. Taking night and morning, 8 or 8 Pills, to cool the system and prevent inflamation.

Every Soldier's knapsack and Seaman's chest should be provided with these valuable Remedies.

600,000
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TO SELL

Lloyd's New Steel Plate County Colored Map of the United States,

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From recent surveys, completed Aug. 10, 1862; cost, $20,000 to engrave it, and one year's time.

Superior to any $10 map ever made by Colton or Mitchell, and sells at the low price of Fifty Cents; 370,000 names are engraved on this map.

It is not only a County map, but it is also a

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Send for Siloworth to try.

Printed instructions how to canvass well furnished all our agents.

Wanted—Wholesale Agents for our maps in every State, California, Canada, England, France and Cuba. A fortune may be made with a few hundred dollars capital. *We compromise.* E. B. Lloyd, 164 Broadway, N. Y.

The War Department uses our map of Virginia, Maryland and Pennsylvania, cost $1000,—one, on which I marked Antietam Creek, Sharpsburg, Maryland Heights, Williamsport, Ferry, Bhoorersville, Aglandi's Ford, and all others on the Potomac, and every other place in the above named States, or money refunded.

LLOYD'S TOPOGRAPHICAL MAP OF KENTUCKY, OHIO, INDIANA, and ILL., is the only authority for Gen. Rosecrans and the War Department. Money refunded to any one finding an error in it.

From the Tribune, Aug. 2.

"Lloyd's MAP OF VIRGINIA, MARYLAND AND PENNSYLVANIA.—The map is very large; it cost is but 25 cents, *and is the best which can be purchased.*"

Lloyd's Great Map of the Mississippi River.—Actual Surveys by Captain Bart and Wm. Mississippi River Pilots, of St. Louis, &c., shows every man's plantation and owner's name from St. Louis to the Gulf of Mexico—1,350 miles—every sand-bar, island, town, landing, and all places 20 miles back from the river—colored in counties and States. Price, $1 in sheets, $2 pocket form, and $2,50 on linen, with rollers. Ready Sept. 20.

Navy Department, Washington, Sept. 16, 1862.

J. T. Lloyd—Sir: Send me your Map of the Mississippi River, with price per hundred copies. Rear-Admiral Charles H. Davis, commanding the Mississippi squadron, is authorized to purchase as many as are required for use of that squad.

GIDEON WELLS, Secretary of the Navy.

Beaver Hotel,

JOSEPH HALL, Proprietor,

Beaver, Pa.

HAVING thoroughly fitted up this house, he is now prepared to accommodate his friends and the public generally, in the most satisfactory manner. [may62

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Att'y at Law,

(BEAVER, PA.)

☞ Office in the Court House.

Jan. 20, 1862.

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ITS loves and hates, sorrows and angers, hopes and fears, regrets and joys; MANHOOD, how lost, how restored; the nature treatment and radical cure of spermatorrhœa or seminal weakness; involuntary emissions, sexual debility and impediments to marriage generally; nervousness, consumption, fits, mental and physical incapacity, resulting from SELF-ABUSE—are fully explained in the MARRIAGE GUIDE, by WM. YOUNG, M. D. This most extraordinary book should be in the hands of every young person contemplating marriage, and every man or woman who desires to limit the number of their offspring to their circumstances. Every pain, disease and ache incidental to youth, maturity and old age, is fully explained; every particle of knowledge that should be known is here given. It is full of engravings. In fact, it discloses secrets that every one should know; still it is a book that must be locked up, and not lie about the house. It will be sent to any one on the receipt of twenty-five cents in specie or postage stamps.

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Dr. YOUNG can be consulted on any of the diseases described in his publication, at his office, 416 Spruce Street, above Fourth, Philadelphia. Office hours from 9 to 3, daily. [mar26

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Quarterly Mirror of Fashions,

With Great Improvements and Additions,

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COMPRISING THE

New French Waist, an Elegant Sleeve, and a Misses Sack, and a Sheet of New and Beautiful

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THE NEXT TERM WILL COMMENCE

Tuesday, March 24th, 1863,

and continue 14 weeks. The aim of the school is to make its pupils thorough, especially in the common branches.

A Normal Class

for the benefit of those desiring to fit themselves for teaching, will be formed at the commencement of the term.

Board, Room rent.....$38 50
Tuition varies from $3,50 to $8,00

☞ For further particulars inquire of the President of Faculty.

mar1'63 R. T. TAYLOR.

Dividend No. 10.

BANK OF BEAVER COUNTY, P. O.
New Brighton, Mayo, 1863.

A DIVIDEND OF FOUR PER CENT. on the Capital Stock of this Bank for the past 6 months, has been declared this day, payable to stockholders or their legal representatives, on DEMAND. This dividend will be free of the United States Tax, the Bank having assumed the payment of the same to the Government. EDWARD HOOPS,

my13'63 Cashier

MILO A. TOWNSEND,

DEALER IN

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$25. Employment! $75.

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We will pay from $25 to $75 per month, and all expenses, to active Agents, or give a commission. Particulars sent free. Address *Erie Sewing Machine Company*, R. JAMES, General Agent, Milan, O. may6

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Third Street, Beaver, Penn'a.

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BENTEL, ARBUCKLE & CO

MANUFACTURERS OF

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BEAVER COUNTY, PA. [ap2

$1,00 REWARD.

RAN away from the subscriber, living in New Galilee, Beaver county, on Sunday 14th inst., an indented boy from the House of Refuge, named CHARLES W. LONG; about 16 years of age, dark hair, heavy countenance, slender form; had on blue jean roundabout and pants. All persons are warned not to harbor or trust him on my account. I will pay the above reward, and no further charges, to any one returning him.

je20,63 THOMAS GRANT.

JOHN B. WILLIAMS,

BARBER & HAIR-DRESSER.

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The Bugle Calls! The War has Begun!
War of Extermination against Bad Teeth, Bad Breath, Diseased Gums, Toothache, Earache, and Neuralgia.

OUR ARTILLERY IS

DR. WM. B. HURD'S DENTAL TREASURY

A COMPLETE SET OF REMEDIES FOR

PRESERVING THE TEETH

Purifying the Breath, and M[illegible]

AND

[illegible]uring Toothache and Neuralgia.

CONTENTS.

Dr. Hurd's Celebrated MOUTH WASH, [illegible] bottle.

Dr. Hurd's Unequalled TOOTH POWDER, [illegible] one box.

Dr. Hurd's Magic TOOTHACHE DROP, [illegible] one bottle.

Dr. Hurd's UNRIVALED NEURALGIA PLASTER.

Dr. Hurd's MANUAL on the Best Mode of Preserving the Teeth, including Directions for Proper Treatment of Children's Teeth.

FLOSS SILK for Cleaning between the Teeth.

TOOTH PICKS, etc., etc.

Prepared at Dr. Hurd's Dental Depot, 164 Fourth St., Brooklyn, (E. D.)

Price, ONE DOLLAR, or SIX!

☞ The *Dental Treasury* makes a box eight inches by five, and is sent by mail.

☞ *Full directions for use is on each article.*

The following articles we can send safely, by mail, viz:

The *Treatise on Preserving the Teeth*, post paid, on receipt of TWELVE CENTS, in stamps.

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The *Neuralgia and Rheumatic Plaster* (same size,) for pains in the Chest, Shoulders, or any part of the body, sent post paid, on receipt of *Thirty-seven cents.*

Address,

WM. B. HURD,
Tribune Building, N. Y.

Dr. Hurd's MOUTH WASH, TOOTH POWDER and TOOTHACHE DROPS are sent by mail, but they can be obtained at your Drug or Periodical Store. If they cannot, send to us for the DENTAL TREASURY, Price, ONE DOLLAR, which contains them.

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The best evidences that they are in the highest degree efficient, are the firmest friends and best patronage of those who have used them longest. *Dr. Hurd* is a regularly educated, an eminent Dentist of Brooklyn, and the New York State Dentists' Association endorse his preparations. He has been in the private practice for years, and no less than the citizens of Brooklyn of Williamsburg, speak in terms of highest excellence, while eminent Dentists of New York recommend them as the best in the profession. Without the aid of advertising, dealers have sold them by the gross.

The Editor of the *Brooklyn Daily Eagle* says: "We are happy to know that our fellow citizen Dr. Hurd, is succeeding beyond all expectation with his MOUTH WASH and TOOTH POWDER. The great secret of his success with the [illegible] *his articles are prepared of the purest ingredients, and are exactly what they are represented to be, so, we are informed, by their users.*"

The well known P. T. Barnum writes: "I have found your TOOTH POWDER so good that I constantly have used it all up. *We find no other powder for the teeth we have ever used*, and shall feel obliged if you will send me another supply at the Museum at your convenience. Send bill."

But their cost is so small that every one can test the matter for himself.

☞ Beware of the ordinary Tooth Powders. Dr. Hurd's Tooth Powder contains no acid, nor charcoal, and positively will not injure the most delicate enamel.

WHAT WILL DR. HURD'S MOUTH WASH DO?

Dr. Hurd's Mouth Wash and Tooth Powder will make the gums firm, and give a healthy action to the tissues, which will make a sweet breath and preserve the teeth for years. Dr. Hurd's Mouth Wash and Tooth Powder will cleanse the mouth from all impurities, and if used in the morning, will make the breakfast taste sweeter, and render it more pleasantly. Hundreds of ladies will testify to this. Try them, gentlemen.

Dr. Hurd's Mouth Wash and Tooth Powder are the best preparations in the world for curing *bad breath* and giving the mouth a healthful to the gums. Ruptured, *Diseased Bleeding Gums, Sore Mouth*, etc., have been cured by Dr. Hurd's mouth wash.

Dr. Hurd's Mouth Wash and Tooth Powder give an additional charm to the fair sex, make husbands more agreeable to their wives and wives to their husbands. They are used by every person having

ARTIFICIAL TEETH

which are liable to impart a taint to the breath.

Dr. Hurd's Toothache Drops will relieve the aches arising from exposed nerves